All the ſeveral

ORDINANCES AND ORDERS,

Made by the

Lords & Commons

Aſſembled in PARLIAMENT,

Concerning

Sequeſtring

The Eſtates of Delinquents, Papiſts, Spyes and Inteligencers.

Together with Inſtructions for ſuch perſons as are imployed in Sequeſtring of ſuch Delinquents Eſtates.

Very uſeful for thoſe whom it doth or may concern.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That theſe Ordinances and Orders be printed and publiſhed.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

London, Printed for *Edward Huſband*, Printer to the Honorable Houſe of Commons, 1648.

HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY
MAY, 28, 1913
SUBSCRIPTION FOR
ENGLISH HISTORICAL TRACTS

April 1. 1643.

AN ORDINANCE OF THE Lords and Commons Assembled in Parliament.

THe Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament taking into their serious considerations, the heavy pressures and calamities which now lie upon this Kingdom by this unnatural War raised against the Parliament; And that notwithstanding all their faithful and uncessant endeavors for the preserving of His Majesty and the whole Kingdom from the mischievous and restless Designs of Papists and ill-affected persons (whose aym is the extirpation of our Religion, Laws and Liberties:) Yet their Counsels and practises are still so prevalent with His Majesty, and the hearts of many people so misled and beguiled by their false pretences and insinuations, that nothing can be expected but Ruine and Desolation, unless God in mercy prevent it, and incline His Majesties heart to the faithful advice of His great Councel of Parliament; which hath

ever been, and is (under God) the chief ſupport of His Royal Dignity, and the ſecurity of all that we have or can enjoy. And for that it is moſt agreeable to common Juſtice, that the Eſtates of ſuch notorious Delinquents as have been the cauſes or Inſtruments of the publike Calamities, which have been hitherto imployed to the fomenting and nouriſhing of theſe miſerable Diſtractions, ſhould be converted and applyed towards the ſupportation of the great charges of the Commonwealth, and for the eaſing of the good Subjects therein, who have hitherto born the greateſt ſhare in theſe burthens.

Be it therefore Ordained by the ſaid Lords and Commons, That the Eſtates, as well Real as Perſonal, of the ſeveral Biſhops hereafter mentioned; that is to ſay, of *William* Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*, *John* Archbiſhop of *York*, *Thomas* Biſhop of *Dureſm*, *Robert* Biſhop of *Coventry* and *Litchfield*, *Joſeph* Biſhop of *Norwich*, *John* Biſhop of *Aſaph*, *Robert* Biſhop of *Oxford*, *William* Biſhop of *Bath* and *Wells*, *George* Biſhop of *Hereford*, *Matthew* Biſhop of *Ely*, *Godfrey* Biſhop of *Gloceſter*, *John* Biſhop of *Peterborough*, *Morgan* Biſhop of *Landaff*, *John* Biſhop of *Worceſter*, and of all ſuch Biſhops, Deans, Deans and Chapters, Prebends, Archdeacons, and of all other perſon and perſons, Eccleſiaſtical or Temporal, as have raiſed or ſhall raiſe Arms againſt the Parliament, or have been, are or ſhall be in actual war againſt the ſame; or have voluntarily contributed, or ſhall voluntarily contribute (not being under the power of any part of the Kings Army at the time of ſuch contributing) any Money, Horſe, Plate, Arms, Munition, or other ayd or aſſiſtance, for or towards the maintenance of any Forces raiſed againſt the Parliament, or for the oppoſing of any force or power raiſed by Authority of both Houſes of Parliament; or for the robbing, ſpoiling, plundring or deſtroying of any the Kings Subjects, who have willingly contributed, or yielded obedience to the Commands of both Houſes of Parliament; and of all ſuch as have joyned or ſhall joyn in any Oath, or act of Aſſociation againſt the Parliament; or have impoſed or ſhall impoſe any Tax or Aſſeſſment upon His Majeſties Subjects, for or towards the maintenance of any Forces againſt the Parliament,

or

or have or ſhall uſe any force or power to leavy the ſame, ſhall be forthwith ſeized and ſequeſtred into the hands of the Sequeſtrators and Committees hereafter in this Ordinance named; and of ſuch other perſons as ſhall at any other time hereafter, be appointed and nominated by both Houſes of Parliament, for any county, city, or place within the Realm of *England*, or Dominion of *Wales*: Which ſaid Sequeſtrators and Committees, or any two or more of them in each ſeveral county, city or place reſpectively, are hereby authorized and required, by themſelves, their Agents and Deputies, to take and ſeize into their hands and cuſtodies, as well all the Money, Goods, Chattels, Debts, and perſonal Eſtate; as alſo all and every the Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Rents, Arrerages of Rents, Revenues and profits of all and every the ſaid Delinquents or perſons before ſpecified, or which they, or any of them, or any other in truſt for them, or any of them, or to their or any of their uſe or uſes, have, hath or ſhall have; and alſo two parts of all the Money, Goods, Chattels, Debts, and perſonal Eſtate; and two parts of all and every the Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Rents, Arrerages of Rents, Revenues and profits of all and every Papiſt, or which any other perſon hath in truſt for any Papiſts, or to the uſe or uſes of any Papiſts, and to let, ſet and demiſe the ſame, or any part thereof, as the reſpective Landlord, or owner thereof, may or might have done from year to year; And ſhall have power to call before them, or any two of them, all Stewards, Bayliffs, Rent-gatherers, Auditors or other Officers or Servants, as well of the ſaid Archbiſhops, Biſhops, Deans, Deans and Chapters, Prebends, Archdeacons, as of all and every other of the ſaid Delinquents or perſons before ſpecified; and to ſend for, or take any Books of Accompts, Rentals, Copies of Court-Roll, or other Evidences, Writings or Memorials, touching the premiſes or any of them, and thereby, and by all other ways and means, which to the ſaid Sequeſtrators, or any two or more of them, ſhall ſeem meet and neceſſary to inform themſelves, as well of the ſaid ſeveral Delinquents, and every of them, as of their ſeveral Eſtates and Poſſeſſions, Rents, Arrerages of Rents,

Re-

Revenues and Profits, Goods and Chattels, Eſtates Real and Perſonal, and the true value thereof, and of all things concerning the ſame, or any part thereof; and to appoint any Officer or Officers, or other perſon or perſons under them, for the better expediting of this Service: Which ſaid perſons are hereby authorized and enjoyned to perform and execute all and every the commands of the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two or more of them reſpectively, in and concerning the premiſes; and ſhall have ſuch Allowances for their pains and charges in that behalf, as the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two or more of them ſhall think fit. And the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two or more of them reſpectively, their Agents and Deputies, within their ſeveral Limits, ſhall have power, and are hereby authorized and required to enter into all and every ſuch Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, of all and every the ſaid Delinquents or perſons before ſpecified, and to receive ſuch Rents, Arrerages of Rents, Herriots, Iſſues, Profits, Sums of Money, Debts, and other Duties as aforeſaid, to them or any of them, due or payable by their, or any of their ſeveral and reſpective Tenants, or other perſon or perſons; Which ſaid Tenants and other perſons are hereby required to pay the ſame to the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two or more of them accordingly, and not to, or to the uſe of the ſaid Delinquenrs, or any of them; Yet ſo nevertheleſs, that in reſpect of the hardneſs of the times, and the great charges which otherwiſe lie upon the ſaid Tenants and others, by occaſion of this preſent War, every ſuch Tenant which ſhall pay to the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two of them as aforeſaid, ſhall upon their obedience and conformity to this Order, be conſidered out of the ſaid Rents, Revenues and Profits, and ſhall be diſcharged of the whole Rent againſt his Landlord, or any other to whom the ſame is due, being ſuch Delinquents as aforeſaid; and as well they the ſaid Tenants, as every other perſon or perſons which ſhall pay any Rent, ſum of money, or other thing according to this Ordinance, ſhall be protected and ſaved harmleſs from any Forfeiture, Penalty or Damage which he or they may

may incur by not payment of his or their ſaid Rent, ſum of Money, or other thing according to his or their Leaſe, Copy or other Agreement, by the Power and Authority of both Houſes of Parliament.

And if any ſuch Tenant or Tenants ſhall refuſe to pay his or their Rent or Rents, The ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, their Agents or Deputies, according to this Ordinance, at ſuch time and places as the ſame ſhall become due and payable, The ſaid Sequeſtrators, or any two or more of them, by themſelves, their Agents or Deputies, ſhall have power to diſtrain for the ſame, and to take all other advantages for non-payment thereof, as the Landlord might have done.

And the ſaid Sequeſtrators, or any two or more of them, ſhall have power to ſue for, and recover any Debt, ſum of Money, or other duty owing to the ſaid Delinquents or perſons before ſpecified, or any of them; as alſo to give diſcharges and acquittances for any Rent, ſum of Money, Debts, Duty or other thing which they ſhall receive out of the Eſtates of the ſaid Delinquents, or any of them; and ſhall be accomptable from time to time for the ſame, and for all ſuch other things as ſhall be had or taken by them, their Agents or Deputies; and for all their Receipts and Payments, and other acts, for or in reſpect of the premiſes, to both Houſes of Parliament, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint; and ſhall pay in all ſuch ſums of money as they or any of them ſhall receive out of the ſaid Eſtates, unto the Treaſurers at Guild-hall *London*, and ſhall keep Books of Accompts, and ſhall be from time to time ſubject to the further Orders and Directions of both Houſes of Parliament, for Allowance to the ſaid Delinquents, or otherwiſe as cauſe ſhall require of all their Receipts and Payments. And the ſaid Sequeſtrators or Committees, or any two or more of them, their Agents and Deputies, ſhall have power to call to their Ayd and Aſſiſtance the Trained Bands, Volunteirs, or other forces, of or within their ſeveral Counties, Cities or places reſpectively, or any other perſon or perſons dwelling in or neer the place, to compel obedience to this Ordinance, where any reſiſtance ſhall be made, or as oft as need ſhall require: And ſhall have power to puniſh ſuch perſon

ſon or perſons as they ſhall finde refractory, negligent or faulty in the ſaid ſervice, by fine and impriſonment, ſuch fine not exceeding the ſum of twenty pounds, or to certifie their names to the Committees of Lords and Commons appointed for this ſervice, who ſhall have power to ſend for them, or any of them, and to commit them to ſuch priſons and places, and for ſo long time as they ſhall think fit; And the ſaid Trained-Bands, Voluntiers and other Forces, their Commanders and Officers, and alſo the ſeveral Conſtables, Headboroughs, and other Officers and perſons within their Limits, are hereby required and enjoyned to be ayding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Sequeſtrators, or any two or more of them, as oft as they ſhall be thereunto required.

And it is further Declared and Ordained by the Lords and Commons, That all and every of the ſaid ſums, Rents, Revenues and profits, Eſtate Real and Perſonal of all and every the ſaid Delinquents, or perſon before ſpecified, ſhall be imployed to the uſe, and for the maintaining of the Army and Forces raiſed by the Parliament, and ſuch other uſes as ſhall be directed by both Houſes of Parliament, for the benefit of the Commonwealth.

Laſtly, It is Ordained, That all and every the ſaid Sequeſtrators and Committees, ſhall have allowances for their neceſſary charges and pains in and about the Premiſes, as they ſhall be allowed by both Houſes of Parliament; And that as well they, as all others who ſhall be employed in the ſaid ſervice, or ſhall do any thing in execution or performance of this Ordinance, ſhall be therein protected and ſaved harmleſs by the power and authority of both the ſaid houſes: And if any perſon or perſons ſhall finde him or themſelves agrieved with any Act done by the ſaid Sequeſtrators, their Agents or Deputies, or any of them concerning the Premiſes, and ſhall not therein be relieved by the ſaid Sequeſtrators, upon complaint made unto them or any two or more of them; then upon information thereof given to both houſes of Parliament, or to the ſaid Committee of Lords and Commons beforementioned, ſuch further Order ſhall be taken therein, as ſhall be agreeable to Juſtice. Provided, That where any former Ordinance hath been made by both houſes

of

of Parliament, for the ſeizing or Sequeſtring of the Eſtates of any of the Delinquents before ſpecified, within any county, city or place, and accordingly executed there, this preſent Ordinance ſhall not be put in execution, till further order be taken by both Houſes of Parliament: Provided alſo, That all and every the ſaid Eſtates of the ſaid Delinquents ſhall be chargeable and lyable for their proportionable part of ſuch other publique charges or duties to be ſet or allowed of by both Houſes of Parliament, as they ought to pay, if this Ordinance had not been made; and to all ſuch other charges, duties, payments, or other rights which are or ſhall be due or payable, or of right belonging to any other perſon or perſons out of the premiſes, other then to ſuch Delinquents as aforeſaid, the ſame to be paid and diſburſed by theſe Sequeſtrators, or any two of them reſpectively.

Provided alſo, That where no Committees are named by this Ordinance, in any city or town, which is a county of it ſelf, there the Committees for the county at large next adjoyning, may execute this Ordinance within every ſuch city or town, till other Committees ſhall be named and appointed for the ſame by both Houſes of Parliament; And that where no Committees are herein named for any county, city or place, ſuch other perſons as ſhall be hereafter nominated by both Houſes, ſhall have the like power to execute this Ordinance in every ſuch county, city or place, as the Committees in this preſent Ordinance named have.

Provided alſo, and be it further Ordained, That all and ſingular ſuch Revenues, Rents, Iſſues, Fees, Profits, Sums of money, and all Allowances whatſoever, as have heretofore been, and now ought to be paid, diſpoſed unto, or for the maintenance of any Colledge or Hoſpital, whoſe Revenues, or any part thereof, have not been employed for maintenance of the War againſt the Parliament, Grammar-School, or Scholars, or for or towards the reparation of any Church, Chappel, High-way, Cauſey, Bridge, Schoolhouſe, or other charitable uſe, payable by any the Corporations or perſons whoſe Eſtates are to be ſequeſtred by this Ordinance, which are chargeable upon, or ought to iſſue

out of, or be paid for, or in respect of their Estates, Lands or possessions, or any of them, other then such Delinquents as aforesaid, shall be, and continue to be paid, disposed and allowed by the said Sequestrators, or any two or more of them, as they were and have been heretofore, Any thing in this present Ordinance to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

For the County of *Bedford*,

Sir *Beauchamp St. John*, Sir *John Burgoyn* Baronet, Sir *Thomas Alston* Knight and Baronet, Sir *Roger Burgoyn*, Sir *Oliver Luke*, Sir *Samuel Luke*, Knights; *Thomas Rolt*, *Thomas Sadler*, *James Beverley*, *Humphrey Monox*, *Edward Osborn*, *Robert Stanton*, and *Samuel Brown*, Esqs.

For the Town of *Bedford*,

The Major for the time being.

For the County of *Berks*,

Sir *Francis Pile* Baronet, Sir *Francis Knollis* junior, Knight; *Peregrine Hobby*, *Henry Martin*, *Roger Knight*, *Henry Powl*, *Thomas Fettiplace*, and *Tanfield Vachel*, Esqs.

For the Town of *Reading*,

The Major for the time being, *Henry Martin*, *Tanfield Vachel*, Esquires.

For the County of *Buckingham*,

Sir *Richard Ingoldsby* Knight; *Henry Bulstrode*, *Thomas Terral*, *Richard Greenville*, Esqs; Sir *Peter Temple* Baronet, Sir *Thomas Sanders* Knight; *Anthony Ratcliff*, *Thomas Westal*, Esqs; Sir *William Andrews* Knight; *Bulstrode Whitlock*, *John Hampden*, *Arthur Goodwyn*, *Richard Winwood*, Esqs.

For the County of *Cambridge*,

Sir *Dudley North*, Sir *John Cuts*, Sir *Thomas Martin*, Knights; Captain *Symonds*, *Dudley Pope*, Esqs; Sir *Miles Sands* Knight; *Francis Russel*, *Oliver Cromwel*, *William Fisher*, *Thomas Tompson*, *Thomas Becket*, *Walter Clopton*, *Robert Castle*, *Thomas Bendish*, *John Welbore*, *Robert Clark*, *Michael Dalton* junior, *Thomas Parker*, *Thomas Pucket*, *John Hobard*, *Thomas Castle*, *George Clapthorn*, *John Towers*, *Edward Leeds*, and *William Marsh*, Esqs.

For

For the County of *Chester*,

Sir *George Booth* Knight and Baronet, Sir *William Brereton* Baronet, *Thomas Stanley*, *Henry Manwaring*, *Henry Brook*, *John Bridshaw*, *Robert Duckenfield*, *Henry Vernon*, *John Crew*, *William Marbury*, Esqs.

For the Town and University of *Cambridge*,

The Major for the time being, *Oliver Cromwel*, Mr. *John Lowry*, Mr. *William Welpore*, *Talbot Pepys* Recorder, *John Sherwood*, *Samuel Spaulden*, *Thomas French*, *Robert Robson*.

For the City of *Chester*,

William Launce Major, *John Aldersey*, *Peter Leigh*, *William Edwards*, Merchants.

For the County of *Cornwal*,

Sir *Richard Carew* Baronet; *Francis Buller*, *Alexander Carew*, *John Trefusis*, *John Saint-Aubin*, *Richard Erisey*, *John Moyl*, *Francis Godolphin of* Trethonogue, *Thomas Gewen*, *John Carter*, *Thomas Arundel*, Esqs.

For the County of *Devon*,

Sir *George Chudleigh*, Sir *John Pool*, Sir *John Northcot*, Baronets; Sir *Edmund Fowel* knight, Sir *Samuel Roll*, Sir *Shilston Calmady*, Sir *Nicholas Martin*, knights, Sir *Francis Drake* Baronet, *Robert Savery*, *Henry Walrond*, *Francis Rous*, *Edmund Prideaux*, *Henry Worth*, *Hugh Fortescue*, *Arthur Upton*, *John Yeo*, *William Fry*, *George Trobridge*, Esqs; The Major of *Plymouth* for the time being, Mr. *John Wadden*.

For the City of *Exon*,

Christopher Clark Major, *Richard Sanders*, *Thomas Crossing*, *Walter White*, and *John Hakewil*, Aldermen; *James Gould* Sheriff.

For the County of *Cumberland*,

William Lawson, *William Briscoe*, *Thomas Lamplough*, *Richard Barwis*, *John Barwis* senior, Esquires.

For the County of *Derby*,

Sir *John Curson* Baronet, Sir *John Gell* Baronet, Sir *John Cook* Knight, *Francis Revel*, *Nathaniel Hallows*, and *James Abney*, Esquires.

For the County of *Dorſet*,

Denzil Hollis, Sir *Thomas Trenchard*, Sir *Walter Erle*, Knights; *John Brown*, *Thomas Tergonal*, *John Bingham*, *John Hanham*, *John Trenchard*, *Dennis Bond*, *Richard Broderope*, *William Savadge*, *Robert Butler*, *William Sidenham* junior, Eſqs; *Richard Roſe*, *John Henley*, *Thomas Ceely*, *Thomas Erle*, Eſquires.

For the Town and County of *Pool*,

Henry Martin Major, *George Skut*, *William Skut*, *Anthony Wait*, *William Williams*, *Aaron Durel*, *Richard Mayer*, and *Haviland Heely*, Aldermen.

For the Town of *Dorcheſter*,

The Major for the time being, Maſter *John Hill*, Maſter *Richard Bury*.

For the County of *Durham*,

Henry Warmouth, *George Lilborn*, *Thomas Mitford*, *Robert Hutton*, *Thomas Shadforth*, *Clement Ealthorp*, *Richard Lilborn*, *Francis Wren*, *John Blackſton*, *Henry Draper*, *John Brakenbury*, Eſquires.

For the County of *Eſſex*,

Sir *Thomas Barrington*, Knight and Baronet, Sir *Henry Mildmay* of *Wanſtead*, Sir *Martin Lumley* Knight and Baronet, Sir *Harbottle Grimſton* Knight and Baronet, Sir *Richard Everard* Baronet, Sir *William Hicks* Baronet, Sir *Thomas Cheek*, Sir *Henry Halcroft*, Sir *William Row*, Sir *Thomas Honywood*, Sir *Will: Martin*, Sir *John Barrington* Knights; Sir *William Maſſam* Bar. *Will: Maſſam*, *John Wright*, *Oliver Raymond*, *Harbottle Grimſton*, *John Sayer*, *John Burket*, *Anthony Luther*, *Timothy Middleton*, *Thomas Coke*, *Dean Tyndal*, *James Hern*, *William Goldingham*, *John Atwood*, *John Sorrel*, *Richard Harbackenden*, *Henry Wiſeman*, *Robert Smith*, *Robert Brown*, *William Atwood*, *Nathaniel Bacon*, *John Mead*, *Robert Wiſeman* of *Mayland*, *Iſaac Allen*, Haſely, *Samuel Friborn*, *Peter Whitcomb*, *Robert Yong*, *Jeremy Aylet*, *William Collard*, *Robert Crane*, *Robert Calthrop*, *Arthur Barnardiſton*, Eſqs.

For *Colcheſter*,

The Major for the time being, *Harbottle Grimſton*, *Henry Barrington*, Gent.

For

For the East-Riding of the County of *York*,

Ferdinando Lord *Fairfax*, Sir *John Hotham* Knight and Bar. Sir *William Strickland* Baronet, Sir *Philip Stapleton*, Sir *Thomas Rymington*, Knights; *Richard Rymington*, *John Hotham*, *John Analeab*, *Richard Darley*, *Henry Darley*, *John Allured*, Esquires.

For the North-Riding,

Ferdinando Lord *Fairfax*, Sir *Hugh Cholmley*, Sir *Henry Fouls*, Sir *Thomas Norcliff*, Sir *Matthew Boynton*, Baronets; Sir *William Sheffield*, Knight, *John Hotham*, *Bryan Stapleton*, *Henry Darley*, *Henry Anderson*, *John Wastolf*, *Christopher Perchy*, *George Trotter*, *Matthew Smelt*, *John Legard* de Malton, *Francis Lassels*, *Geofrey Gate*, *John Dent*, *Thomas Robinson*, *Francis Boynton*, *Christopher Waters*, Esqs.

For the West-Riding,

Ferdinando Lord *Fairfax*, Sir *Thomas Maleverer* Baronet, Sir *William Lister*, Sir *Edward Rhodes*, Sir *William Fairfax*, Sir *John Savil*, Sir *Thomas Fairfax*, Knights; *John Hotham*, *Charls Fairfax*, *Henry Ardington*, *John Farrar*, *William White*, *Thomas Maleverer*, *George Warwood*, *John Robinson*, *Thomas Stockdale*, *Thomas Westby*, *Iohn Brighe*, *Thomas Bosevile*, *Godfrey Bosevile*, Captain *Edward Brigs*, and *Iohn Ellis*, Esqs.

For the City of *York*,

Sir *Thomas Fairfax*, and Sir *Thomas Widrington*, Knights; *Thomas Hodgson*, *Iames Hutchinson*, and *Iohn Vaux*, Aldermen; Sir *William Allanson*, *Thomas Hoyls*.

For the Town and County of *Kingston* upon *Hull*,

Sir *John Hotham* Knight and Baronet, *Thomas Kaiks* Major, *John Hotham* and *Peregrine Pelham*, Esqs; *Lancelot Roper*, *John Bernard*, *Ioshuah Hull*, *Nicholas Denman*, and *William Fapple*, Gentlemen.

For the County of *Glouceſter*, and the County of the City of *Glouceſter*,

Sir *Robert Cook* knight, *Nathaniel Stephens*, *John George*, *Edw: Stephens*, *Ioh: Stephens*, Esqs; and *Thomas Pury* Alderman, Sir *Iohn Seymor* Knight, *Thomas Hodges*, *Iohn Caddrington* Esqs.

For the City of *Briſtol*,

Richard Alworth Major, *Ioseph Jackson* and *Hugh Brown* Sheriffs;

riſs; *Richard Halworthy* Alderman, *Luke Hodges*, and *Henry Gibt.*

For the County of *Southampton*, and the Town and County of *Southampton*, and the Iſle of *Wight*,

Sir *Henry Worſly*, Sir *William Lewis*, Baronets; Sir *Thomas Jervois*, Sir *William Liſle*, Sir *John Leigh*, Sir *Henry Clerk*, Sir *John Compton*, Sir *Richard Kingſmil*, knights; *Robert Dillington*, *Robert Wallop*, *Richard Whitehead*, *Richard Norton*, *John Doddington*, *Richard Jervois*, *John Liſle*, *John Button*, *Edward Hopper*, *John Bulkley*, *Thomas Clerk*, *John Kemp*, *Richard Major*, *Francis Saint-Barb*, *Nicholas Love*, *John Fielder*, *William Wither*, *Thomas Chaundler*, *James Tue*, *John Pitman*, and *John Hook*, Eſqs; *George Gallop*, and *Edward Exon*, Aldermen of *Southampton*, and the Major of *Wincheſter* for the time being.

For the County of *Hereford*,

Charls Lord Viſcount *Cranborn*, *Robert Cecil* Eſq; Sir *John Garrat*, Sir *John Read*, Baronets; Sir *Thomas Dacres*, Sir *William Litton*, Sir *John Whitterong*, Knights; *Richard Jennings*, *Ralph Freeman*, *William Lemon*, *William Prieſtly*, *John Herdon*, *Alexander Wilde*, *Richard Porter*, *Adam Waſhington*, Eſquires.

For Saint *Albans*,

The Major for the time being, *John Robtham*, *Ralph Pemberton*, *Graveley Norton*, Eſqs.

For the County of *Hereford*,

Sir *Robert Harley*, knight of the Bath, Sir *Richard Hobton*, knight, *Walter Kirle*, *Edward Broughton*, *Henry Vaughan*, Eſquires.

For the City of *Hereford*,

Sir *Robert Harley*, knight of the Bath, *Walter Kirle*, *Richard Holſon*, *John Flacker*, *Henry Vaughan*.

For the County of *Huntington*,

Sir *Thomas Cotton* Baronet, Sir *John Hewit* knight, *Onſlow Winch*, *Terril Ioveline*, *Thomas Templer*, *Abraham Burrel*, *Edward Montague* of *Hinchingbrook*, *John Caſtle*, *Oliver Cromwel*, *Apollo Bepis*, *Thomas Cater*, Eſqs.

For

For the County of *Kent*,

Sir *Thomas VValsingham*, Sir *Anthony VVelden*, knights; Sir *John Sidley*, Sir *Edward Hales*, Sir *Humphrey Tufton*, Sir *Henry Heyman*, Knights and Baronets; Sir *Michael Lewsey* Baronet, Sir *Henry Vane*, junior, Sir *Edward Scot*, Sir *Edward Bois*, Sir *VVilliam Brook*, Sir *Peter VVroth*, sir *George Sands*, sir *John Honywood*, sir *James Oxenden*, sir *Richard Hautresse*, knights; *Augustine Skinner*, *Richard Lee*, *Thomas Silliard*, *John Bois* junior, *Thomas Blunt* and *Samuel Blunt*, Esqs.

For the City of *Rochester*,

The Major for the time being, Sir *Anthony VVelden*, sir *VVilliam Brook*, sir *Thomas VValsingham*, *Richard Lee* Esq; The Major of *Tenderden* for the time being, *VVilliam Bois*, *VVilliam James*, *Mark Dixwel*, *Henry Stamford*, Esqs.

For the City and Town of *Canterbury*,

The Major for the time being, Sir *William Man* knight, sir *Edward Master* knight, *John Nut*, *Thomas Courthop*, Esqs; *Avery Savine* Alderman.

For the County of *Lancaster*,

Sir *Ralph Ashton*, and sir *Thomas Stanley*, Baronets; sir *Ralph Ashton* of *Downham*, *Ralph Ashton* of *Middleton*, *Richard Shuttleworth*, *Alexander Rigby*, *John Moor*, *Richard Holland*, *Edward Butterworth*, *John Bradshaw*, *William Ashurst*, *Peter Edgerton*, *George Dodding*, *Nicholas Cunliff*, *John Starkey*, *Thomas Birch*, and *Thomas Pell*, Esqs; *Robert Cunliff*, *Robert Curwen*, and *John Nowel*, Gentlemen.

For the County of *Leicester*,

Henry Lord *Gray* of *Ruthen*, *Thomas* Lord *Gray* of *Groby*, sir *Arthur Hasterige* Baronet, sir *Edward Hartop*, and sir *Thomas Hartop*, knights; *William Hewet*, *John Bainbridge*, *Peter Temple*, *George Ashby*, *William Roberts*, *Richard Bent*, *Arthur Stanley*, *William Danvers*, *John Goodwin*, Esqs.

For the Town of Leicester,

Richard Ludham now Major, *William Stanley* Alderman.

For the County of Lincoln,

Sir *John Wray* Knight and Baronet, Sir *Edward Ascough* Knight, Sir *Samuel Oficld* Knight, *John VVray*, *VVilloughby Hickman*,

Hickman, Edward VVitchort, Edmund Anderſon, Edward Roſſiter, and *John Broxholm,* Eſquires; Sir *VVilliam Armyn* Baronet, Sir *Hamond VVhicot* knight, Sir *John Brownlow,* Sir *Thomas Trollop,* Baronets, *Thomas Hatcher,* Sir *Chriſtopher Wray, Thomas Grantham, Thomas Liſter, John Archer,* Eſqs; Sir *VVilliam Brownlow.*

For the parts of Holland,

Sir *Anthony Irby, VVilliam Ellis, John Harrington,* Eſqs; The Major of Boſton for the time being, *Thomas Hall, Thomas VVelby, VVilleſby.*

For the City of Lincoln, and the Cloſe of Lincoln,

The Major for the time being, *Thomas Grantham, John Broxholm,* Eſqs; *Robert Morecroft, VVilliam VVatſon,* and *Steven Dawſon,* Aldermen.

For the City of London, and all within the Juriſdiction of the Lord Major,

The Lord Major and the Aldermen, Aldermens Deputies, and Common-Councel-men of the ſaid City.

For the County of Middleſex,

Sir *Gilbert Gerrard* Baronet, Sir *Edward Barkham,* knight and Baronet, Sir *Richard Springal* Baronet, Sir *John Franklin,* Sir *John Hippeſley,* Sir *VVilliam Roberts,* Sir *Iames Harrington,* Sir *Robert VVood,* knights; *Laurence VVhitaker, Juſtinian Paget, William Swallow, John Huckſley, Thomas Wilcox, John Moris, Richard Downe,* and *John Smith* Eſqs.

For the Liberties of Weſtminſter,

Sir *Robert Pye,* Sir *William Aſhton,* Sir *John Corbet,* Knights; *John Glyn, John Trenchard,* and *William Wheeler,* Eſquires; *John Brigham, George Beverhaſſet, Anthony Withers,* and *William Barns,* Gentlemen, *Joſias Fendal, William Bell,* Eſquires; *Tuckey, Colcheſter, Steven Higgont.*

For the County of Norfolk, and the City and County of the City of Norwich,

Sir *Thomas Woodhouſe,* Sir *John Holland* Baronet, Sir *John Pots,* Sir *John Hubbert* Baronets; Sir *Miles Hubbert,* Sir *Thomas Huggen,* Knights; *John Cook, John Spelman, Philip Beddingfield,*

field, *Samuel Smith*, The Sheriffs of Norwich, The Bayliffs of Yarmouth, *Thomas Toll*, and *John Percival* of *Lyn*, *Thomas Windham*, *Francis Iermy*, *Robert Wood*, *Gregory Cansel*, *John Haughton*, *Thomas Weld*, *Martin Sedley*, *Thomas Sotherton*, Esquires, Sir *Edmond Mountford* Knight; *William Hevingham*, *William Cook*, *Robert Rich*, Esquires; Sir *Richard Bern*, Sir *Isaac Asley*, Sir *John Palgrave*, Knights, and *Brig Fountain*, *John Tooly*, Esqs;

For the County of Northampton,

Sir *Rowland Saint-John*, Knight of the Bath, Sir *John Norwich* Knight, and *Gilbert Pickering* Baronet, Sir *Richard Samuel* Knight, *John Crew*, *John Barnard*, *Edward Harvey*, *Edward Farmer*, *Iohn Norton*, *Iohn Chappool*, Esquires; Sir *John Dryden* Baronet, and *Richard Knightly* Esq; Sir *Christopher Yelverton* Knight and Baronet, *Zouch Tate* Esq; *Philip Holeman* Esq; *Tho: Pentlow* Esq;

For the Town of Northampton,

The Major for the time being, *Thomas Martin* and *John Fisher*, Aldermen.

For the Town of Newcastle,

John Blackeston, Esq;

For the County of Northumberland,

Sir *I hn Fenwick* Baronet, Sir *John Dalevel* Knight, *Thomas Middleton*, *William Shafroe*, *Michael Weldon*, and *Henry Ogle*, Esqs.

For the Town of Berwick upon Tweed,

John Sleigh Major, Sir *Rob. Iackson* Knight, *Ralph Salkeld* Esq;

For the County of Notingham,

Francis Peirpoint Esq; Sir *Francis Thornhaugh*, Sir *Thomas Hutchinson* Knight, *Francis Thornhaugh*, *Ioseph Widmerpool*, *Robert Reyns*, *Gilbert Millington*, and *John Hutchinson* Esquires; *Francis Molinox* Knight; *Charls White* and *Henry Ireton*, Esquires.

For the County of the Town of Notingham,

The Major for the time being, *James Chadwick* Esq; *Huntington Plumtry* Doctor in Physick, *John James* Alderman, and *John Gregory* Gentleman.

For the County of Oxen.

For the County of Rutland,

Sir *Edward Harrington* Knight, *Evers Armyn*, *Robert Horſman*, *John Oſborn*, *Chriſtopher Brown*, *Robert Horſman* junior, and *Thomas Wilt* Eſq;

For the County of Suffolk,

Sir *William Pleyters* Knight and Baronet, Sir *Nathaniel Barnardiſton* Knight, Sir *William Spring* Baronet, Sir *Roger North*, Sir *Thomas Barnardiſton*, Sir *William Soam*, Sir *John Wentworth*, Sir *Philip Parker*, Knights; *William Heveningham*, *Nathaniel Bacon* of *Freſton*, *Nicholas Bacon*, *Maurice Barrow*, *William Blois*, *Henry North*, *Robert Brewſter*, *Brampton Gourdon*, *Francis Bacon*, *Theophilus Vaughan* of *Beckles*, *William Cage*, *William Rivis* of *Bilſon*, *Edmund Hervey*, *John Gourdon*, *Thomas Cole*, Eſquires; *John Baſſe*, *Francis Brewſter*, Gentlemen; The Bayliffs of the Town of Ipſwich that now are, *John Sickclemer*, *Richard Puplet*, *John Aldus*, Gentlemen; *Nathaniel Bacon* of *Ipſwich*.

For Saint Edmonds-Bury,

Samuel Moody, *Thomas Cole*, *Chaplin*; The Bayliffs of the Town of Aldborough for the time being; *Thomas Gibs* Alderman; *Thomas Johnſon*.

For the County of Surrey,

Sir *Richard Onſlow*, Sir *William Elliot*, Sir *Robert Parkhurſt*, Knights; *Nicholas Stoughton*, *George Evelin* of *Wotton*, *Henry Weſton*, *Arthur Onſlow* Eſq; Sir *Ambroſe Brown* Baronet, Sir *Anthony Vincent* Knight and Baronet, Sir *John Dingley*, Sir *Matthew Brand*, Knights; *Edward Sanders*, *Robert Holman*, *Robert Houghton*, *George Evelin*, *Francis Drake*, *Thomas Sands*, *George Adin*, *William Maſchamp*, Eſqs; Sir *John Holland*, and Sir *John Evelyn*, knights; *Robert Goodwyn*, *George Fairwel*, and *John Goodwyn*, Eſqs; *Richard Wright*, and *Cornelius Cook*, Gentlemen.

For the County of Suſſex,

Sir *Thomas Pelham*, Baronet; *Anthony Stapley*, *Herbert Marley*, *Thomas Whitfield*, *John Baker*, *Herbert Hay*, Eſquires; *Herbert Springate* of the *Broyl*, *Ralph Cooper*, *Hall Raveſcroft*, *Edward*

ward Apsley, John Downs, William Covely, Edward Higgons, Thomas Chiste, George Oglander, George Simson, John Busbridge, Thomas Middleton, James Temple, Esqs; Captain Thomas Collins, Captain Carlton, Captain Everton.

For the County of Somerset,

Sir John Horner, Sir Tho. Worth, Sir George Farmer, knights; Clement Walker, Alexander Popham, Edward Popham, William Strode, Richard Cole, John Harrington, John Hippesly, William Long, John Preston, Henry Henly, Henry Stamford, John Pym, James Ash, and John Ash, Esqs; Roger Hill, George Seyl, and Jesper Chaplyn, Gentlemen; Richard Capel, William Bull, Robert Harbyn, John Hunt, Robert Black, Esquires; The Major of Bridgewater that now is.

For the County of Salop,

Sir John Corbet knight, William Pierpoint, Richard Moor, Thomas Witton, Thomas Nichols, Humphrey Mackworth, Andrew Floyd of Aston, Lancelot Lee, Thomas Hunt, and John Corbet, Esqs.

For the City of Litchfield,

The Bayliffs of the said City for the time being, The Sheriff of the said City for the time being; Michael Noble Esq; Richard Draffgate, Richard Baxter, and Thomas Burns, Gentlemen.

For the County of Stafford,

Sir Richard Sheffington knight, Richard Poyt, Michael Rydolph, Edward Manwaring, Matthew Morton, John Birch, Ralph Rudyard, Michael Low, Michael Noble, and Edward Leigh, Esquires; sir Walter Wortesley, sir Edward Littleton, sir Williams Brereton, Baronets.

For the County of Warwick,

The new Major of the City of Coventry, sir Peter Wentworth Knight of the Bath, sir Edward Peyto knight, John Hales, Godfrey, Boswel, John Barker, William Puresoy, Anthony Staughton, George Abbot, Thomas Boughton, William Colemore, Thomas Basnet, William Jesten, Gamaliel Puresoy and Thomas Willoughby, Esquires.

For the County and City of Coventry,

John Barker, *Isaac Bromick*, and *Robert Philips*, Esquires.

For the County of Wilts,

Denzil Hollis Esq; sir *Edward Hungerford*, sir *Edward Baynton*, sir *Nevil Pool*, and sir *John Evelyn*, Knights; *Edward Baynton*, *Edward Tucker*, *William Wheeler*, *Edward Goddard*, *Alexander Thistlethwait* junior, *John White*, *Edward Pool*, *Thomas Arour*, *John Ash*, and *Robert Yernor*, Esqs.

For the County of Westmerland,

Sir *Henry Bellingham* Knight and Baronet, *George Gilpin*, *Edward Wilson*, *Nicholas Fisher*, *Thomas Steddal*, *Rowland Dawson*, and *Allan Bellingham*, Esqs; *Roger Bateman*, *Richard Branthwait*, *Robert Philipson*, and *Gervace Benson*, Gentlemen.

For the County of Worcester,

John Wilde, *Richard Creswel*, Serjeants at Law, *Humphrey Salway*, *Edward Dingley*, *Edward Pit*, *Thomas Greves*, and *William Ieffryes* Esquires.

H. Elsynge, *Cler. Parl. D. Com.*

Die Veneris, 14 *April*. 1643.

IT is this day Ordered by the Commons House of Parliament, That such particular persons of the Committees or Commissioners named and appointed in the several and respective Ordinances of both Houses of Parliament, for the raising of moneys for the service of the Parliament, in any Cities, Towns or Counties of the Kingdom of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, as shall refuse to joyn or sign any Warrants, or to meet the rest of the Committees or Commissioners, or to act upon the said Ordinances for the service of the Parliament, expressed in the said Ordinances, and shall not be detained by sickness, or other inevitable impediments, shall be reputed and taken as persons ill-affected to the service of the Parliament: And it is further Ordered, That the names of all such persons for refusing or neglecting

lecting this service, shall be returned to the House of Commons, by the residue of the said Committees or Commissioners, that thereupon the said House may take order that the said persons Estates shall be seized, according to the Ordinance for sequestring and seizing the Estates of Papists and notorious Delinquents.

H. Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Veneris, 14 April, 1643.

IT is this day Ordered by the Commons assembled in Parliament, That sir *William Goering* Baronet, sir *Thomas Parker*, sir *Thomas Henby*, sir *Thomas Eversfield*, knights; *John Alford*, *Henry Goring*, *Thomas Sherley*, *Edward Goering*, *Thomas Challoner*, *Henry Shelley*, *Henry Peck*, *Francis Selwyn*, *Herbert Board*, *Nicholas Gildredge*, *John Board*, *George Churcher*, *William Hay*, *Henry Bridger*, *Thomas Anscomb*, *William Marlot*, *Thomas Ieffry*, *William Thomas*, Esquires, be added to the Committees named in the Ordinances for the weekly Assessments, and for seizing and sequestring the Estates of Papists, notorious Delinquents, &c. in the county of *Sussex*; and that they shall have as full and ample power to all intents, as the other Committees named in the said Ordinances have, might or ought to have.

H. Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

April 21. Anno Dom. 1643.

IT is this day Ordered by the Commons in Parliament assembled, That if any person, Tenant or other, after notice hereof given by the publication in Print, shall pay unto *William* Archbishop of *Canterbury*, *John* Archbishop of *York*, *Thomas* Bishop of *Duresme*, *Robert* Bishop of *Coventry* and *Lichfield*, *Joseph* Bishop of *Norwich*, *John* Bishop of *Asaph*, *Robert* Bishop of *Oxon*, *William* Bishop of *Bath* and *Wells*, *George* Bishop of *Hertford*, *Matthew*

Matthew Biſhop of *Ely*, *Godfrey* Biſhop of *Glouceſter*, *John* Biſhop of *Peterborough*, *Morgan* Biſhop of *Landaff*, *John* Biſhop of *Worceſter*, or to any ſuch Biſhops, Deans, Deans and Chapters, Prebends, Archdeacons, or any other perſon or perſons Eccleſiaſtical or Temporal, as have raiſed, or ſhall raiſe Arms againſt the Parliament, or have been, are or ſhall be in actual War againſt the ſame, or have voluntarily contributed, or ſhall voluntarily contribute (not being under the power of any part of the Kings Army at the times of ſuch contributing) any Money, Horſe, Plate, Arms, Ammunition, or other ayd and aſſiſtance, for or towards the maintenance of any Forces raiſed againſt the Parliament, or for the oppoſing of any force or power raiſed by the authority of both Houſes of Parliament, or for the robbing, ſpoiling, plundering and deſtroying of any the Kings Subjects, who have willingly contributed, or yielded obedience to the commands of both Houſes of Parliament, or to ſuch as have joyned or ſhall joyn in any Oath or Act of Aſſociation againſt the Parliament, or have impoſed or ſhall impoſe any Tax or Aſſeſſment upon His Majeſties Subjects, for or towards the maintenance of any Forces againſt the Parliament, or have or ſhall uſe any force or power to leavy the ſame, any Rents, Profits, Fees, or other advantage or emolument due to them, or any of them, payable or chargeable upon any of their Lands or Offices: That ſuch payment ſhall be counted as non-payment, and that they ſhall be lyable, and ſhall pay the ſame to ſuch, as by authority of both Houſes of Parliament, ſhall be authorized to receive the ſame.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Sabbathi, 19 *Auguſt*, 1643.

IT is this day Ordered by the Houſe of Commons, That ſuch Members of the ſaid Houſe as ſhall wilfully neglect their ſervice in the Houſe, by departing the cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or otherwiſe, without particular leave firſt obtained from the Houſe, ſhall be reputed and taken in the ſame condition as thoſe that ought to have their Eſtates ſequeſtred, and ſhall have their Eſtates ſequeſtred accordingly, for deſerting the ſervice of the Commonwealth in the time of imminent danger.

H: Elſynge Cler. Parl. D. Com.

An Ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, For Explanation and further Enlargement of an Ordinance for Sequestration of Delinquents Estates.

FOr explanation and enlargement of an Ordinance lately made by the Lords and Commons in Parliament, for Seizing and Sequestring the Estates both Real and Personal of certain kindes of notorious Delinquents;

Be it now Declared and Ordained by the said Lords and Commons assembled, That in the number of such Delinquents and Papists, who shall come within the compass of the said former Ordinance, and to all intents and purposes to be proceeded against as notorious Delinquents or Papists, expressly described in the said Ordinances, shall be reckoned and accounted, all such, as voluntarily absenting themselves from the usual places of their abodes or dwellings, Trade, Offices or Imployments, and have gone, or shall go to any of the Kings Armies, or other Forces raised without consent of both Houses of Parliament, and have there continued, or shall there continue, and shall not within ten days after Seizure or Sequestration of their several Goods or Estates, or stay made of their Rents by force of the said Ordinance (which said Sequestrators are hereby required to do) shew sufficient cause to be allowed by the Committee of the county, city or place in which the said Seizure or Sequestration, or stay of Rents, is or shall be made, of such their absence, going and continuing in any of the said Armies or Forces: And all such as shall fraudulently imbezle, conceal, or convey away all, or any part of their Goods, Money or Estate without valuable consideration; or not *bona fide*, thereby preventing or avoiding the payment of any Taxes or Assessments laid upon them by any Ordinance of both Houses of Parliament, or any distress or seizure in case of non-payment thereof; or that after any such Tax or Assessments laid on them, convey themselves away, or refuse to be spoken with, whereby any Tax or Assessment laid upon them by Ordinance of both Houses of Parliament cannot be executed upon them or their Estates, according to the true meaning or purport

port thereof; or that have had any hand in the late horrid and desperate Conspiracy and Treason of *Waller*, *Tompkins*, *Challinor*, and their Confederates, whether they be already or hereafter shall be convicted to be privy or consenting thereunto (except such as being not yet convicted, shall discover and confess all that they know thereof, within the time limitted by both Houses of Parliament, to such person or persons as are or shall be appointed to take such discoveries and confessions) or that shall sue or molest any person or persons who shall have yielded obedience or conformity unto the Orders, Ordinances or Commands of both Houses of Parliament, or have been, or shall be imployed by Authority of both the said Houses, for or by reason of any thing done, or to be done, in execution or performance thereof, or that have willingly harbored any Popish Priests or Jesuits in their houses or dwellings since the 29 of *November*, 1642, or that shall hereafter so harbor any: And all and every person or persons which at any time heretofore have been convicted of Popish Recusancy, and so continue, or that have been or shall be thereof Indicted, and such their Indictments removed by *Certiorary*, or being not removed, shall not by appearance and Traverse be legally discharged, before Seizure or Sequestration made of their Goods or Estates, or stay of their Rents, by force of this or the said former Ordinance; or that have been at Mass at any time within one whole year before the 26 day of *March*, 1643. or shall hereafter be at Mass; or whole children or Grand-children, or any of them living in house with them, or under their or any of their Tuition and Government, shall be brought up in the Popish Religion.

And all such persons as being of the age of Twenty one years, or above, shall refuse to take the Oath hereafter expressed; which Oath any two or more of the said Committees for Sequestration, in every county, city or place respectively, or any two Justices of the Peace, or the Major, Bayliffs, or other head Officer of any city or town corporate, shall have power to administer to any such person or persons; The tenor of which Oath followeth *in hæc verba*, viz.

The

The Oath.

I A. B. *do abjure and renounce the Popes Supremacy and Authority over the Catholique Church in generall and over my self in particular; And I do believe, That there is not any Transubstantiation in the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, or in the Elements of Bread and Wine after Consecration thereof, by any person whatsoever; And I do also believe, That there is not any Purgatory; And that the Consecrated Hoast, Crucifixes, or Images, ought not to be worshipped, Neither that any Worship is due unto any of them; And I also believe, That Salvation cannot be merited by Works. And all Doctrines in affirmation of the said Points, I do abjure and renounce, without any Equivocation, mental Reservation, or secret Evasion whatsoever, taking the words by me spoken, according to the common and usual meaning of them.* So help me God.

Shall forfeit as Papists within this and the said former Ordinances, and Seizure and Sequestration of two third parts of all their Goods and Estates Real and Personal, and sale of such proportion of their Goods so Seized and Sequestred, shall be made, and their Rents and Estates disposed of, in such maner and proportion, and by such persons as by the said Ordinance of Sequestrations is appointed for Papists.

And for the better discovery of such Delinquents and Papists, in this and the said former Ordinance described, and of their Estates; Be it further Ordained by the said Lords and Commons, That over and besides the former power given by the said Ordinance of Sequestration to the persons trusted and imployed in the said service, The said Committees for Sequestrations, or any two or more of them respectively, shall have power further hereby to examine by Oath or otherwise, all and every person or persons (other then the parties themselves so declared to be Delinquents) that probably may be able to discover such Delinquents and Papists, or that may be trusted with, or privy to the keeping or concealing of the Goods or Estates of any such Delinquent or Papist, or that shall owe any thing to any such Delinquent or Papist; and such as shall refuse so to be examined, or

to declare the whole truth therein, ſo far as he ſhall be ſo required, ſhall be committed to ſafe cuſtody by the ſaid Committee, or any two or more of them, imployed for their Examinations, till he or they ſhall conform him, her, or themſelves.

And that ſuch perſon or perſons as ſhall firſt finde out, and diſcover to one or both Houſes of Parliament, or to any Committee Authorized for this Service, or to any of their Agents or Officers, any ſuch Moneys, Goods, Debts, or Eſtates (if the ſame be imbezzelled, elovned, concealed, or conveighed away, as aforeſaid) ſhall do therein an acceptable Service to the Commonwealth, and ſhall have and receive for his pains therein, twelve pence in every twenty ſhillings, ſo diſcovered after Seizure or Sale thereof made, and Receipt of the Money ariſing thereupon, or out of the Rents or Eſtate ſo diſcovered, the ſame to be paid unto him by the reſpective Committees or Treaſurers, truſted with the Moneys that ſhall be received upon the Sale or proceed thereof, without any further or other Warrant, and ſhall further receive ſuch other reward for his extraordinary Service therein, as by the ſaid Lords and Commons ſhall be further Appointed and Ordered. And for the more ſpeedy and effectual Seizure, and obtaining poſſeſſion of all ſuch Debts, Goods and Eſtates as aforeſaid, diſcovered, or to be diſcovered,

It is further Ordained, That over and beſides the Power given by the ſaid former Ordinance for Sequeſtration, the ſeveral and reſpective Committees, appointed for this Service, or any two or more of them, ſhall hereby have power to Authorize their ſeveral Collectors, and Agents imployed herein, to break open all Locks, Bolts, Bars, Doors, or other ſtrength whatſoever, where any ſuch Eſtates, Moneys, or Goods, are or ſhall be, upon probable grounds made appear to the ſaid Committees, or any two of them, and by them allowed in writing under their hands, to be provided that ſome or one of the ſaid Committee, or the Solicitor or Conſtable, or ſome other known Officer of that county or place, and one other perſon or perſons of credit and truſt be preſent at the doing thereof: And be it further Ordained, That an exact Inventory, ſubſcribed by all their hands,

be

be taken of all particulars whatsoever, which shall be seized by vertue of these Ordinances: and one part of the said Inventory in writing so subscribed, delivered to the owner or owners of the said Money, Goods, or Estates, or other things so Inventoried, or to some person trusted with the keeping thereof. And that where any Rents, Debts, or Estate pertaining to any Delinquent or Papist within this or the said former Ordinance for Sequestration shal be found due and the Debtor refuseth or neglecteth to pay the same, upon any pretence whatsoever, reasonable time being given to provide it, after it become payable, and demand thereof made, the said Committees, their Collectors or other Agents, whom they shall Authorize thereunto under their hands in writing, shall hereby have power to distrain, seize, carry away, and sell so much of the Goods and Estate of every such person so refusing or neglecting as aforesaid, as may fully satisfie the said Rents or other Debts, together with all charges of seizure, removal, and sale of goods for satisfaction of the said Rents or Debts: And if any person or persons shall stand out, or forbear to make payment of any sum or sums of Money which he or they ought to pay by vertue of this or any other Ordinance of both Houses of Parliament whatsoever, made for the raising of Moneys until a distress be taken for the same, that then he or they so standing out or forbearing, shall pay such double charges or all such Seizures, Removal, and sale of their Goods, as the Committee or any two or more of them respectively shall allow or appoint; the same to be Levied and taken out of the Goods and Estates of such persons so standing out or forbearing, by such as shall be imployed to distrain for, and seize the principal sum. And if any person or persons shall undertake for the forth coming of any Goods or Estate at time seized, by force of this or the said former Ordinance, all and every the said Goods and Estate shall be particularly Inventoried, and the Inventory thereof signed and subscribed by three or more persons of credit, had after given in to the Committee under whom the persons making the seizure shall be imployed; and after it shall happen, that any of the said Goods or Estate be imbezzelled, or wanting, or be denyed or refused, or not delivered to the said respective Committee,

or to their Collectors, requiring the same by Order of the said Committe, or any two or more of them respectively, that then the said Committee, or such as they shall authorize thereunto, shall have power to seize, carry away, and sell so much of such undertakers goods or personal Estate, and profits of his Lands and Tenements, as may fully satisfie for the Goods or Estate so wanting, imbezelled, or not delivered; and also so much double charges for the seizure, carriage, and sale of the said undertakers Goods or Estate so to be seized and sold, as the said Committees, or any two or more of them shall allow,

And for the better enabling of the said several Committees and their Agents, to make sale of all such Goods and Estates as are and shall be by them seized, and are appointed to be sold by this or the said former Ordinance,

It is further Declared and Ordained, That after the apportioning and setting out of some necessary maintenance (if it be denied) for the wives and children of such Delinquents, whose Goods and Estates are and shall be seized (which allowance or maintenance, the said several and respective Committees, or any two or more of them respectively, shall hereby have power to make, so as they allow not the wife and children of one Delinquent, above one fifth of his Goods and Estate so seized) they shall authorize and require their Collectors and Agents, to make sale of the residue or remainder of the said Goods by the candle, for ready moneys to be paid at the delivery of the Goods so sold, within ten days after the seizure thereof, giving notice of the said sale in writing, upon some posts or walls in the most open and eminent places near the place of sale, two days before the said sale, due appraisment being first made thereof by two skilful Appraisors, being men of some quality, and known integrity, from time to time to be chosen, with the advice of the Solicitor for Sequestrations, by the Committee trusted with the seizure and sale of the said goods; which appraisment shall be made in the presence of some of the said Committee, Solicitor or Treasurer of the same county, city or place respectively, and not otherwise: And for the more speedy dispatch hereof, it is further Ordained, That the Committee of Lords and Commons

for

for Sequestrations, shall receive no information against the particular Committee of any county, city or place for Sequestration, in any cause of this kinde, till the matter hath first been certified under the hands of two or more of the said respective Committees, by whose Agents and Ministers the Goods or Estate of the Delinquents were seized; or in case the said Committees refuse to certifie the special matter, or that otherwise certificate cannot be had. And be it Ordained, That honest, able, and sufficient Collectors be appointed in every county, city and place for this service, and their neglects or defaults be certified to the Houses, or to the Committee of Lords and Commons for Sequestrations.

And that all and every person or persons, who shall be employed in this service, or shall do any thing in pursuance of this or the said former Ordinance for Sequestrations, shall therein have the protection of both Houses of Parliament for their Indemnity, and be held and esteemed as persons doing an acceptable service to the Commonwealth.

And it is further Ordained, That every Collector within every county, city and place respectively, who shall receive any moneys in kinde, or make sale of any goods, shall deliver the moneys so received or raised by sales, to the Committee for Sequestrations within the said county, city or place, where such moneys shall be received, or to such Treasurer as they shall appoint, or other person authorized to receive the same within seven days next after the said Collectors receipt thereof, upon pain of forfeiture of twelve pence for every twenty shillings received or levyed by sale as aforesaid, and remaining in his or their hands; which Committee or Treasurer shall take order for the safe sending of all and every sum so received, to the Treasurer at Guild-hall in *London*, appointed for this purpose, Monethly, or more often, as they shall be thereunto required by the said Treasurer at Guild-hall, or by the said Committee of Lords and Commons for Sequestrations, or by the Committee of Lords and Commons for advance of moneys; and that the several Committees, Collectors and Treasurers respectively shal have power to give Acquittances and discharges for the several sums by them received, which shall be sufficient discharges to the parties concerned in that behalf.

And

And it is further Ordained and Declared, That M. *Hobson*, M. *Bernardiston*, M. *Hill*, and M. *Samuel Avery*, Citizens of *London*, shall be and are hereby appointed and authorized to be Treasurers at Guild-hall *London*, to receive all moneys raised and to be raised upon, or by vertue of this, or the said former Ordinance for Sequestrations, and shall make entries thereof in fair Books, to be provided for that purpose, as also of the names of the persons from whom, and the time when they receive the same, and of their disbursments and payments out; for which their pains and service, they shall have three pence in every pound, which they shall so receive, to be debated out of the said sums received.

And it is further Ordained, That no Treasurers trusted with any part of the said moneys, shall issue out any of the said moneys by way of payment, loan, or otherwise (except as in this Ordinance is appointed) otherwise then and in such manner as is directed by former Ordinance for issuing out of moneys: And for the more exact and perfect keeping of all Accompts touching the Premises, it is yet further Ordained, That every Collector shall from time to time, make and keep a sure and perfect Inventory of all and every the Moneys, Goods and Estates by him seized, another of the sale or other disposals thereof; both of which shall be subscribed under the hands of two or more persons of credit, that were present at the said seizures or sales, besides his own, and that he make and ingross a Duplicate thereof in parchment, fairly written, one part whereof he shall leave with the particular Committee under which he is employed; and the other part after examination thereof, he shall deliver to the Solicitor for that place, who shall transmit the same to the Committee of Lords and Commons for advance of money, subscribed by the said Solicitor and Collector, and two of the said particular Committee of the place from whence it is transmitted, all which Accompts and Duplicates shall be made and sent up to *London* in such maner, and so often as the said Committee of Lords and Commons for advance of money, shall from time to time order and appoint. Provided always, and be it Ordained, That it shall be lawful for the respective Committees for Sequestrations

ſtrations, or any two or more of them, to accept of ready money for the Goods of the ſaid Delinquents or Papiſts, or any of them which ſhall be, or are to be ſeized according to the value thereof, in lieu and ſatisfaction of the ſaid Goods, and thereupon the Seizure and Sequeſtration, as to the ſame to be diſcharged.

And be it Ordained, That if any perſon ſhall wittingly or willingly conceal and harbor any of the Goods of any Delinquents within this or the ſaid former Ordinance (he knowing ſuch perſon to be a Delinquent) that then ſuch perſons ſhall forfeit treble the value thereof, to be leavied upon his or their Goods and Eſtates, by the ſaid reſpective Committee or Sequeſtrators, or any two or more of them, or their Agents, to the uſes appointed by the ſaid Ordinances for Delinquents Eſtates.

19 Auguſt, 1643.

Ordered by the Commons in Parliament, That this Ordinance be forthwith Printed and Publiſhed.

H. Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

---

21 September, 1643.

An Ordinance for the due and orderly receiving and collecting of the Kings, Queens, and Princes Revenue, and the Arrerages thereof.

THe Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, taking into their ſerious conſiderations, the many heavy preſſures and moſt grievous calamities which now lie upon this Kingdom by this bloody and unnatural War raiſed againſt the Parliament; and that notwithſtanding all their faithful and conſtant endeavors for the preſerving of His Majeſty and the whole Kingdom from the moſt cruel and endleſs deſigns of Papiſts, Delinquents, and ill-affected perſons, yet their counſels and practiſes are ſtill

ſo

so prevalent with His Majesty, and the hearts of many people so misled and beguiled by their false pretences and specious insinuations, that nothing can be expected but the extirpation and final subversion of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, unless God of his infinite mercy prevent, and incline His Majesties heart to the faithful advice of His great Council of Parliament, which hath ever been, and is (under God) the chief support of His Royal Crown and Dignity, and the security of all that we have or can enjoy; and for that it is found by woful experience, that divers ill-affected persons, by pretence of His Majesties Authority, have and do still daily seize upon divers and sundry great sums of Money, raised and collected in divers parts of this Kingdom by Acts and Ordinances of Parliament, for the relief of the poor distressed Protestants in *Ireland*, the suppressing and subduing of those most barbarous and bloody Rebels, and for the Defence of this Kingdom and Parliament, and do divert and employ the same, and likewise His Majesties Revenue, and all other monies of the well-affected persons whatsoever, by rapine, or violence they can lay hands on, to the fomenting, nourishing, and maintaining of these miserable distractions and unnatural war: and the Lords and Commons omitting no opportuniy, nor neglecting any fitting means which they conceived might divert the sad War here, so violently pressed forwards by Papists, Delinquents, ill-affected persons, and the Rebels in *Ireland*, did formerly Ordain, that the Officers of the Receipt, Court of Wards and Liveries, Receivers and others, should not repair unto *Oxford*, but attend the service here in the usual places: yet in contempt of the same and other Ordinances, some Officers are gone to *Oxford*, divers convey sundry sums of Money thither, and others neglect their service, to the great prejudice and dis-service of the Commonwealth: And to the intent of His Majesties Revenue might no more be misapplied, and that the same may be imployed for the good of His Majesty, and the Commonwealth; The Lords and Commons therefore do Ordain, and be it Ordained by the said Lords and Commons, that all His Majesties, the Queens, and Princes Revenue, of what nature or kinde soever, certain, or casual within the veiw or survey of the

the Court of Exchequer, Courts of Wards and Liveries, Dutchy of *Lancaster*, Dutchy of *Cornwal*, or in any other Court of Jurisdiction whatsoever, within the Realm of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Port and Town of *Berwick*, together with all the Arrears thereof, and all other Debts and Sums of money whatsoever, any way due to His Majesty, the Queen or Prince, shall be seized upon and be received by the persons hereafter named, or such others as at any time hereafter shall be appointed and nominated by the Committee for the Revenue; which said persons or receivers in each several county or counties, cities or places for which they are or shall be appointed respectively, are hereby Authorized and Required by themselves, their Agents and Deputies, to take and seize into their hands and custodies all and every His Majesties, the Queens, and Princes Honors, Mannors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, Rents, arrerages of Rents, Revenues, and Profits whatsoever, within the said Realm of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Port and Town of *Berwick*, and to let, set, and demise the same, or any part thereof from year to year; and shall have power to call before them all Stewards, Auditors, Receivers, Bailiffs, Collectors, or any other Officer or Officers whatsoever, and to send for, or take any Books of Accounts, Rentals, or Copies of Court-Roll, or any other writings, touching the Premises, and thereby and by all other ways and means which to them shall seem meet and necessary to inform themselves of the said Revenues, Debts, and Arrears thereof, and of all things concerning the same, and to appoint any subordinate Officer or Officers, and Ministers under them for the better expediting of this Service; which said subordinate Officers and Ministers are hereby Authorized, and enjoyned to perform and execute all and every their commands respectively, in and concerning the Premises; and shall have such allowance for their pains and charges in that behalf, as the respective persons or receivers appointed for their several counties, cities or places, shall think fit, the same being approved of by the Committee for the Revenue: And that all such Stewards, Auditors, Receivers, Bailiffs, Collectors, or any other Officer, or Officers whatsoever, which have not submitted themselves to

the commands and directions of any former Ordinance of Parliament, or to the Committee for the Revenues; and likewise all other such Officers which shall not yield obedience to this Ordinance of Parliament, or to the Committee for the Revenue, shall stand Sequestred from their several Offices respectively, and from the receiving and enjoying any profit or benefit of or for the same: And the Committee for the Revenue, or any five, shall have Power and are hereby Authorized to nominate and appoint other meet, fit and trusty persons to supply and execute those Offices and Places which are or shall be Sequestred as aforesaid: And the said Persons or Receivers nominated or to be nominated, as aforesaid, their Agents and Deputies within their several Limits respectively, shall have power, and are hereby authorized and required to enter into all and every His Majesties, the Queens, and the Princes Honors, Mannors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Courts and Offices, and to Receive such Rents, arrerages of Rents, Herriots, Issues, Profits, sums of Money, Debts, and other Duties, as are or shall be due and payable for or out of the same: And the Fee-Farmers, Farmers, and the Tenants thereof, Officers and all others are required to pay the same accordingly, to the said persons or receivers, or to such other Officers or Receivers as shall be thereunto appointed by vertue, and according to the direction of this Ordinance, and to no other person whatsoever. And the said Fee-Farmers, Farmers, Tenants, and all others which shall pay any Rent, sum of Money, or other thing, according to this Ordinance, shall be protected and saved harmless from any forfeiture, penalty, or damage, which he or they may incur by not payment of his or their said Rent, sum of Money or other thing according to his or their Grant, Lease, Copy, or other agreement by the Power and Authority of both Houses of Parliament. And if any other Sheriff, Receiver, Collector, any other Officer, or any Court whatsoever, shall refuse to pay the Moneys from time to time, remaining in their hands; any Fee-Farmer, Farmer, or Tenant, shall refuse to pay his or their Rents, or any other shall refuse to pay their particular Debts to the hands of the said Persons or Receivers in the several and respective counties, cities, and places, at such times as the same

shall

shall become due and payable, or to the Receiver-general, hereby appointed, Then the said Persons or Receivers for the several counties, cities, and places, shall have power to distrain for the same, and to take all other advantages for non-payment thereof, as His Majesty, the Queen, and Prince, their Officers and Ministers might have done; and they shall have power to sue for, and recover any Debt, sum of Money, or other duty owing to His Majesty, the Queen, or Prince, by any person whatsoever, and also to give discharges and acquittances for any Rent, sum of Money, Debts, Duty, or other thing which they shall receive by vertue of this Ordinance, and shall be accomptable from time to time for the same, and for all such other things as shall be had, received or taken by them, their Agents, or Deputies, and for all their receipts and payments, and other Acts for or in respect of the Premisses, to the Committee for the Revenue, or to such as they shall appoint; and shall pay in from time to time, all such sums of Money as they or any of them shall receive by vertue of this Ordinance, unto *Thomas Faulconbridge* Esquire, at *Westminster* (who is hereby constituted and appointed Receiver-general of all such sums of Money as shall be received or raised by vertue of this Ordinance) and shall be from time to time subject to the further Orders and Directions of the Committee for the Revenue; and the acquittances of the said Receiver-general; and of the said Persons or Receivers in the several counties, cities and places, Courts and Offices respectively, shall be as good and sufficient discharge for the sums of money therein contained, as if the same were paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, or into any other usual Court or place. And the Barons of the Exchequer, and all other Officers and Ministers of the same, and other Courts and Places respectively, are hereby required and authorized to give full allowances thereof, and thereupon to make forth *quietus est*, and other discharges, according to the course and custom of the several Courts and Places. And the said Persons or Receivers, their Agents and Deputies, shall have power to call to their ayd and assistance the Trained Bands, Voluntiers, or other Forces, and any other Officer or Minister of Justice, of or within their several counties, cities or places

respectively, or any other person or persons dwelling in or near the place, to compel obedience to this Ordinance, where any resistance shall be made, or as oft as need shall require; and shall have power to punish such person or persons as they shall finde refractory, negligent, or faulty in the said service by fine and imprisonment, such fine not exceeding above the sum of twenty pounds, or to certifie their names to the Committee for the Revenue, who shall have power to send for them or any of them, and commit them to such prisons and places, as they shall think fit, until they shall conform themselves to this present Ordinance of Parliament. And the said Trained-Bands, Volunteers, and other Forces, their Commanders and Officers, and also the several Constables, Headboroughs, and other Officers and Persons within their several and respective Limits, are hereby required and enjoyned to be ayding and assisting to the said Persons or Receivers, their Agents and Deputies, as oft as they shall be hereunto required.

And it is further Ordained and Declared by the said Lords and Commons, That all and every the said Revenues, Rents, Profits, Debts, and sums of Money whatsoever, shall be imployed to and for such uses and services as are or shall be directed by the Committee for the Revenue.

And it is likwise further Ordained, That all and every the said persons or Receivers, Receiver-General, Auditors, and other Officers and Ministers imployed in this service by the Committee for the Revenue, or any five of them, shall have such allowances for their necessary charges and pains in and about the Premises, as the said Committee shall think fit; and that as well they as all others who shall be imployed in the said service, or shall do any thing in execution or performance of this Ordinance, shall be therein protected and saved harmless by the power and authority of both the said Houses.

And lastly, is is Ordained, That the said Committee for the Revenue, or any five of them, shall have power, and be hereby enabled to do and execute any other Act or Acts, thing or things they shall think fit, for the better and more speedy collecting, leavying, advancing and receiving of all and every the

the ſaid Revenues, Debts, and ſums of money before mentioned.

Provided, and be it further Ordained, That all and ſingular ſuch Revenues, Rents, Iſſues, Fees, Profits, and ſums of money, and allowances whatſoever, as have heretofore been and now ought to be paid and diſpoſed unto, or for the maintenance of any Colledge or Hoſpital (whoſe Revenues, or any part thereof, have not been imployed for maintenance of the War againſt the Parliament) Grammar-School or Schollars, or for or towards the reparation of any Church, Chappel, High-way, Cawſey, Bridge, School-houſe, or other charitable uſe, which are chargeable upon, or ought to iſſue out of, or be paid for or in reſpect of any the Honors, Mannors, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Revenues or Profits aforeſaid, ſhall be and continue to be paid, diſpoſed and allowed of, as they were and have been heretofore.

Die Sabbathi, 30 September, 1643.

WHereas the Companies of *London* have been rated by an Act of Common-Councel, towards the raiſing of Moneys advanced by the City for the publique Service; for the repayment whereof, the City is ſecured by Ordinance of Parliament. And whereas there are divers Companies that are behinde in the payment of the Rates ſo Aſſeſſed upon them; It is this day Ordered by the Lords and Commons, That the ſaid Companies ſo in Arrear do forthwith pay their Rates Aſſeſſed upon them; Or otherwiſe, that the Lands and Revenues of the ſaid Companies ſhall be Sequeſtred in the like maner, as the Eſtates and Revenues of Delinquents by the Ordinance of Sequeſtrations, are and ought to be Sequeſtred.

Die

Die Mercurii, 18. October, 1643.

An Order of the Lords and Commons, for the restraint of passage from Oxford, *or any other part of the Kings Army to* London, *or to the parts adjacent, or any part of the Army under Command of the Earl of* Essex, *both by Land and Water, upon the penalty expressed.*

ORdered by the Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, That whatsoever person shall come from *Oxford*, or any part of the Kings Army to *London*, or the parts adjacent, or to any part of the Army under the command of the Earl of *Essex*, or to any Fort or Guard kept by the Authority of both Houses of Parliament, without the warrant of both Houses of Parliament, or the Lord General the Earl of *Essex*, shall be apprehended as Spies and Intelligencers, and be proceeded against according to the Rules and Grounds of War. And it is further Ordered, That the like care be taken by Water, for the apprehending of the persons aforesaid: And all Captains of Guards, and Officers, and all other persons, are required to be very diligent in apprehending the said persons: And it is further Ordered, That this Order be Printed and Published, and sent to the several Courts of Guard, both by Water and Land.

October 21. Anno Dom. 1643.

A Declaration and Ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, for the better preventing of Spyes and Intelligencers, &c.

WHereas by the frequent intercourse of persons and intelligence (contrary to the use and custom of War) between the cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and other parts of the Kingdom, and the persons of the King and Queen, and Forces raised by the King against the Parliament and Kingdom,

opportunity

opportunity hath been given for the plotting and contriving the late treacherous and horrid Deſign; and in caſe the ſaid Intercourſe and Intelligence ſhould continue, the ſame will ſtill be open for any other of the like nature in time to come; As alſo for the frequent conveying of Moneys and other proviſion, for the ſupporting of this unnatural War: For the preventing whereof, Be it Declared and Ordained by the Lords and Commons now aſſembled in Parliament, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever, ſhall from henceforth repair or go from the ſaid cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or from any other part of the Kingdom, unto the Perſon of the King or Queen, or Lords of Councel abiding with him, or other, or to any perſon or perſons within any of the Kings Quarters, Leaguers or Gariſons, or that are within any of the Armies raiſed by the King, nor ſhall give or hold any Intelligence by Letters, Meſſengers, or otherwiſe, with the Perſons of the King and Queen, or other perſons aforeſaid, without conſent of both Houſes of Parliament, or Warrant from the Lord General of the Forces raiſed by the two Houſes, or from the reſpective Officers that ſhall command in chief any of the Forces. And the ſaid Lords and Commons do further Declare, That the perſon or perſons who ſhall do the contrary thereof, ſhall be proceeded againſt as thoſe within the Ordinance for Sequeſtration, and ſhall be further accounted as perſons that do adhere unto thoſe that have levyed War againſt the Parliament and Kingdom, and be lyable to the ſame puniſhment. And be it further Declared and Ordained, for the better and more effectual execution of the Premiſes, That the perſon or perſons that ſhall diſcover any of the offences and perſons offending as aforeſaid, ſhall have one fifth part of all ſuch benefits and profits that ſhall accrue or grow by reaſon of the ſeizing and ſequeſtring of their Eſtates, according to the true intent and meaning of this Ordinance, and of the ſaid Ordinance of Sequeſtration. And in caſe any perſon or perſons after the laſt of *June*, having knowledge of the ſaid offenders and offences, ſhall not within convenient time reveal the ſame unto the Speakers of both Houſes of Parliament, or to the Lord General, or other Officers commanding in chief, the ſaid

perſon

perſon or perſons ſhall incur the like penalties and forfeitures as are herein provided againſt the ſaid principal offenders. *H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.*

Inſtructions for the Committees for Sequeſtration of Delinquents Eſtates.

FIrſt, You are to uſe your beſt care and diligence for the ſpeedy execution of the Ordinance herewith ſent you for the Sequeſtration of Delinquents Eſtates, as being a matter of great neceſſity and importance, for the ſubſiſtence of the Army raiſed by the Parliament, and great affairs of the Commonwealth.

2. You are to cauſe the ſame Ordinance, and the other Order for reſtraining the Tenants and others from paying their Rents and other dues to the ſaid Delinquents, to be forthwith publiſhed in all Markets, and other convenient places within your ſeveral counties and diviſions.

3. You are to meet and divide your ſelves into ſeveral limits, and to appoint ſome times and places of further meeting as ſhall be moſt convenient, and to call before you, or any two or more of you at ſuch meetings, all ſuch Officers and other perſons as you ſhall think fit, and give them in charge the effect of the ſaid Ordinance; and thereby, and by all good ways and means, to enquire and inform your ſelves of all the particulars therein contained; and where you finde any doubt concerning any perſons, whether he be comprehended within the ſaid Ordinance, you are to certifie the ſame to the Committee of Lords and Commons for this ſervice, and in the mean time to ſecure the Eſtates of ſuch perſons, until you ſhall receive further directions.

4. Where (after theſe words in the Ordinance, *Such as have voluntarily contributed, or ſhall voluntarily contribute*) theſe words following, viz. *Not being under the power of any part of the Kings Army at the time of ſuch contributing*: You are not to underſtand thoſe latter words, of ſuch as have willingly drawn

drawn, or consented to the drawing in of any such power, or have willingly submitted themselves thereunto.

5. You are to call before you the several Tenants and other persons by whom any Rents, sums of Money, Debts, or other duties are owing to the said Delinquents or any of them, and set them a day for payment thereof: and to such Tenants as shall willingly yield conformity to the said Ordinance, you shall abate so much to their Rack-Rents, where the Lands are set at an improved value, and not otherwise, as you shall think fit, according to their several conditions and necessities, not exceeding a fourth part of such improved Rents.

6. You are to seize two parts of the Estates both Real and Personal of all Papists (as they are Papists) and the whole Estates of all other sorts of Delinquents mentioned in the said Ordinance, whether they be Papists or others: and you are to understand by two parts of Papists Estates, two of their whole Lands, and two of their goods and personal Estate in three to be divided.

7. Upon the seizure of the goods, chattels, or personal estates of any the said Delinquents, you are to cause an appraisement thereof to be made by indifferent persons, and a true Inventory thereof to be taken; and to convey the same goods into some safe place or places within the county or elsewhere, there to be kept until they may conveniently be sold; and you are to sell the same, and cause them to be sold at as great rates as you can, withal convenient expedition, and in the Market where conveniently it may be.

8. You have power to set all or any the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of any the said Delinquents from year to year, to such Tenants as you shall think fit, and for such reasonable Rents as you can get, unless you can otherwise employ the same to better advantages.

9. You are to appoint Collectors for the receiving of all Rents, Profits, sums of Money, Debts and other duties due or owing to the said Delinquents or any of them, allotting the Estate of any one or more of the said Delinquents, to the charge of one or more Collector or Collectors, as shall be most convenient: and

the said Collectors are to send up the sums by them Collected, together with a Schedule of the Receipts and Payments (keeping a duplicate thereof) to the Treasurers which shall be appointed by both Houses for that Service, wherein the said Collectors, or such as they shall send up the money by, are duly to attend the said Committee of Lords and Commons for their directions herein, and to be very careful in the safe conveying of the said Money.

10. Every Collector is to have such allowance for his pains and charges as you shall think fit, not exceeding three pence in every pound: and every one that shall be appointed a Solicitor by the said Lords and Commons to see this Ordinance put in execution is to have for his charges and pains therein, six pence in every pound; and every other person which shall be necessarily employed in or about the said service, is to have such allowance as you, or any two of you or more shall think fit: and your selves are to be allowed such recompence for your charge and pains in this service as shall be approved of by the Committee of Lords and Commons.

11. You are to keep Books and Registers of all such Moneys, Receipts, Profits, and other part of the said Delinquents Estates as shall come to your hands, and of all your Receipts and Payments, and to be accountable for the same to Both Houses of Parliament, or such as they shall appoint.

12. You are to take care for the safe keeping of the Deeds, Evidences and Writings of the said Delinquents, and for preserving of their houses, timber-trees and fruit-trees from waste and destruction.

13. In all other particulars concerning this business, you are to be guided and directed by the said Ordinance; wherein you shall conceive any doubt, you are to certifie the same to the Commitee of the Lords and Commons for this service, whereupon you shall receive such further direction in that behalf as shall be fit.

28. Novem-

18. November, 1643.

An Ordinance for the preservation and keeping together, for publique use, such Books, Evidences, Records and Writings, Sequestred, or taken by distresse or otherwise, as are fit to be so preserved.

WHereas by the severall Ordinances for Sequestrations and others, there have been within the cities of *London* and *Westminster*, Sequestred and taken by distresse (among other goods) divers Manuscripts or written Books, Proceedings of Courts, Evidences of Lands, Rentals, Accompt Books, and other kindes of writings, and written Papers and Parchments, as also some whole libraries, and choyce collections of Printed Books of severall Arts and Faculties; the dispersing of which by sale or otherwise, may be much more disadvantagious or prejudicial to the publique (both for the present and to Posterity) and also to divers particular persons well-affected to the Parliament, then the benefit of their sale can any ways recompence.

The Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, taking the Premises into consideration, do hereby Ordain and Command, That no Committees or Committee for Sequestrations or distresses, in or of either of the places aforesaid, or any Officers under them imployed, shall or may make sale of, or otherwise disperse or dispose of any such Manuscripts, or written Books, Proceedings of Courts, Evidences of Lands, Rentals, Accompt Books, or other kinde of writings or written Papers or Parchments heretofore Sequestred or taken by distresse, or hereafter to be Sequestred or taken by distresse, by authority of any of the said Ordinances, but that they and every of them respectively, shall from time to time deliver the same into the hands and care of *Algernon* Earl of *Northumberland*, *Theophilus* Earl of *Lincoln*, and *Will:* Lord Viscount *Say* and *Seal*, *John Selden*, *Francis Rous*, Esqs; sir *Simonds D'Ewes* Knight and Baronet, *Samuel Brown*, *Edmond Prideaux*, *Gilbert Millington*, *Roger Hill*, *Walter Yong*, Esqs; Members of the House of Commons,

mons, or any two or more of them, who are to Inventory the ſame, and leave, or put and diſpoſe them in ſome ſuch ſafe place or places as they ſhall think fit and convenient for their cuſtody, there to remain for ſuch publique or other uſe, as to the Houſes of Parliament ſhall ſeem moſt meet and reaſonable. And that the ſaid Committees and Officers reſpectively, ſhall deliver all and every ſuch whole Libraries and choyce Collections of Printed Books (heretofore, as aforeſaid, ſequeſtred or taken by diſtreſs, or hereafter to be ſequeſtred or taken by diſtreſs) as the perſons aforenamed, or any two of them ſhall ſignifie under their hands, and direct to be preſerved from ſale, and from being otherwiſe diſperſed, and to be kept for publike uſe, into the hands and care of the ſaid perſons, or any two of them, who are likewiſe to Inventory the ſame, and leave, or put and diſpoſe them in ſuch ſafe place or places as they ſhall think fit and convenient, there to remain likewiſe for ſuch publique or other uſe, as to the Houſes of Parliament ſhall ſeem moſt meet and reaſonable.

Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby further Ordained; That both the Printed Books and Manuſcripts, and all other Writings or Written Papers, or Parchments, ſequeſtred or taken by diſtreſs, or which may hereafter be ſequeſtred or taken by diſtreſs, or ſhall be ſubject to Sequeſtration or Diſtreſs, in any of the four Inns of Court (*viz.*) The *Inner* and *Middle Temple*, *Greys-Inn* and *Lincolns Inn*, or any other Society of Law, ſhall be Inventoried and laid up in ſome convenient place, or ſuch other Society as aforeſaid reſpectively, in ſuch ſort, and according as by the Fellows of the ſaid ſeveral Inns of Court, or Places in the ſaid Inns of Court reſpectively, being Members of the Houſe of Commons, or by any two of the aforeſaid Committee appointed by this Ordinance, ſhall be directed and ordered, there likewiſe to remain for ſuch publique or other uſe, as to the Houſes of Parliament ſhall ſeem moſt meet and reaſonable.

Provided alſo, That nothing in this Ordinance contained, ſhall be any hinderance to the Aſſembly of Divines, or any of that Aſſembly, but that they or any of them (during the time that Aſſembly ſhall uſually ſit) may uſe, and be permitted to take with.

with them for their preſent uſe, any of the ſaid Manuſcript Books, or any Books of the ſaid Libraries or Collections, ſo that they reſpectively leave in the place where they take them, a note ſubſcribed by them of what they ſo take, and of the time of ſuch their taking it, and of their promiſe ſafely to return it.

And be it further alſo Ordained by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Committee and Committees of Sequeſtrations and Diſtreſſes, or either of them, in all and every other place whatſoever reſpectively, and all and every the Officers under them imployed reſpectively, ſhall preſerve and keep ſafe from ſale, diſperſion and deſtruction, all and every the Evidences of Lands, Rentals, Accompt-Books, Proceedings of Courts, and all and every other kinde of Written Books, Papers or Parchments by them reſpectively ſequeſtred or taken by Diſtreſs, or tobe ſequeſtred or taken by Diſtreſs; and the ſame ſhall reſpectively leave, or put and diſpoſe in ſome place or places of ſafe cuſtody, for ſuch publique or further uſe as the Houſes of Parliament ſhall direct or command. And that all and every the Officers of the Army, and of all and every the Forces raiſed by the Authority of the Houſes of Parliament, and all and every the Soldiers under them, ſhall reſpectively upon all occaſions, and in all places, take like care for the preſervation of all kindes of Evidences of Lands, Rentals, Accompt-Books, Proceedings of Courts, and all and every, other Written Papers or Parchments, that ſhall or may fall into their Hands or Power, that they and every of them may be ſafely likewiſe kept as aforeſaid, both from ſale, or other diſperſion of them, as alſo from Spoil and Deſtruction.

Die

Die Jovis, 30. Novem. 1643.

WHereas divers perſons have been aſſeſſed upon the Ordinances of Parliament for the twentieth part, weekly Aſſeſſments, Subſidies, and other Payments: many of which have refractorily and wilfully ſuffered the days for payment of the ſums aſſeſſed to be elapſed, and covertly conveighed away their goods from their houſes, and abſented their perſons, to avoyd payment for their Aſſeſſments; or elſe have ſuffered Impriſonment, and their Houſes to ſtand empty, whereby they might be free from bearing part of theſe common Taxes and Charges which the neceſſities for theſe troublous times require: For remedy whereof, and better ſatisfaction of the ſums aſſeſſed on ſuch perſons, It is this day Ordered by the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That ſuch perſons as ſhall be appointed by the Committee of Money and other neceſſaries for the Army, ſhall have power to let, ſet, or rent forth, to ſuch perſons, and for ſuch time, Fine and Rent, as they ſhall think fit, the houſes of any perſons, who are already Impriſoned for their Aſſeſſments, or abſent themſelves for non-payment of their Aſſeſſments; and the Moneys raiſed by the Rents of the ſaid houſes, to convert and imploy towards ſatisfaction of the ſame Aſſeſſments and payments: And that ſuch perſons as ſhall take the ſame houſes, ſhall diſcharge the head Rents due to be paid for ſuch houſes, as alſo the duties to the Pariſh during their abode in the ſame; and the perſons ſo taking and leaſing the ſaid houſes, ſhall be ſaved harmleſs and indempnified againſt the perſons impriſoned, or abſenting themſelves as aforeſaid, by the power and authority of both Houſes of Parliament.

An

MAY 27. 1644.

An Ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, for the better execution of the former Ordinances for Sequestration of Delinquents and Papists Estates.

WHereas the former Ordinances of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament for Sequestration of Delinquents Estates, have not been put into such effectual and speedy execution in divers places as was expected, to the great dislervice of the Commonwealth.

For remedy thereof, and for the more speedy collecting and bringing in of all such Moneys, Rents and Goods as are or shall be due upon the said Ordinances, or any of them, the said Lords and Commons do further Declare and Ordain in maner and form following:

I. That the several Sequestrators and Committees, heretofore or hereafter to be appointed by Authority of Parliament, and the several Solicitors, Collectors, Treasurers, Appraisors, and all other persons by them imployed by vertue of the said Ordinances, or either of them, shall within ten days after notice of this present Ordinance to them given, or before the intermeddling therewith, take this ensuing Oath:

I A. B. *do swear, That I shall and will truly, according to the trust reposed in me, execute for the best advantage of the Commonwealth, all and every of the Ordinances made by the Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, for Sequestration of Dequents and Papists Estates: And that I shall not for fear, favor, reward or affection, spare, connive at, or discharge any of the said Delinquents or Papists.* So help me God.

Which Oath shall be taken by the said Committees before any Deputy-Lieutenant, Justice of Peace of the county, city, borough or place where such Committees shall sit, who are by this Ordinance Authorized to Administer the said Oath, and by the said Solicitors,

Solictors, Collectors, Appraisors & other Officers, before the said Committees, or any two of them, who are also hereby Authorized to Administer the same; which said Deputy Lieut. Justices of Peace, and Committees respectively, are hereby required and enjoyned, to certifie unto the Speaker of the House of Commons the names of all such persons as shall take the said Oath, and also the names of all such as shall neglect or refuse to take the same.

II. That all Officers, and every other person whatsoever, who hath in his custody any Goods of any person whose Estate is sequestred, shall bring the same into the several and respective Committees of Sequestration within the said county, within ten days after notice of this Ordinance, or otherwise within five days after the Expiration of the said ten days, pay ready money to the Committees for the same, according to such Rates as they shall be appraised upon Oath, by two able Appraisors appointed by the said Committees; and in default of bringing in such Goods or payment for the same, shall forfeit for every week he or they shall detain or not pay the same, the sum of two shillings six pence for every twenty shillings worth of such Goods, to the use of the Commonwealth.

III. That all suspensions of Sequestrations of any Delinquents or Papists Estates, made by the Committees in any county or corporation, without expres Order of both Houses of Parliament, shall be forthwith taken off and cleared, and no suspension or excuse of persons sequestred allowed, but what is warranted by the Ordinances of both Houses.

IV. That all Debts made for goods sold, shall within ten days after this Ordinance, be paid in by the persons owing the same, to the Treasurers of the several places where they are due, and in default thereof, the said Debts immediately after the said ten days, to be paid by the several parties that sold the same, under pain of forfeiting the sum of two shillings six pence in every pound, for every week they remain unpaid after the said ten days, in regard the Ordinances appoint no sale but for ready monies.

V. That all the sequestred Houses and Lands now standing void

void and unlet, ſhall forthwith be Let, Tenanted or improved by the reſpective Committees and their Officers, for the beſt advantage of the Common-wealth, upon pain of ſuch puniſhments, in caſe of wilful negligence as the Houſes ſhall inflict.

VI. That active, able, truſty men, who will diligently attend this ſervice, ſhall be added to all Committees of Sequeſtrations where there is cauſe, and that the Committees of Accounts of the Kingdom ſhall from time to time preſent the names of ſuch perſons to both Houſes of Parliament.

VII. That the ſeveral Committees for Sequeſtration in each county, three or more of them ſhall conſtantly meet and ſit upon this Service two ſet days at the leaſt every week to be by them appointed, and ſhall increaſe or alter the number of their Collectors; and if any neglect or miſdemeanor ſhall be found in any Solicitor in the execution of his ſaid Office, the ſaid Committees, or any three or more of them ſhall certifie the ſame unto the Committee of Lords and Commons for Sequeſtrations.

VIII. That no Treaſurer appointed by the Sequeſtrators, ſhall be allowed above two pence in the pound for Moneys received by him, and that every Committee and Treaſurer reſiding in the city of *London*, or within the Line of Communication, who ſhall receive any Sum or Sums of Moneys upon Sequeſtrations, ſhall pay the ſame to the Treaſurers for Sequeſtrations at *Guild-hall London*, within ſix or eight days after his or their Receipt thereof; and the Committees and Treaſurers that are to pay in their Money to the ſaid Treaſurers at *Guild-hall* aforeſaid, reſiding within forty miles of *London*, ſhall pay the moneys they receive within fifteen days after the Receipt thereof; and ſuch Committees and Treaſurers who live above forty Miles from *London*, ſhall within thirty days after the Receipt thereof pay the ſame to the ſaid Treaſurers, under pain of forfeiting two ſhillings ſix pence in the pound for every week he or they ſhall detain the the ſame, after the reſpective times herein limited.

IX. That the ſeveral Collectors and Solicitors for Sequeſtra-

tions, that have not heretofore purſued, or ſhall not hereafter purſue the ſeveral Ordinances of Sequeſtrations, and the truſt thereby in them repoſed, ſhall be diſallowed upon their Accompts; all fees, or ſums of money appointed unto them by any Ordinance whatſoever.

X. That the ſeveral Solicitors and Collectors for Sequeſtrations, ſhall from henceforth keep ſeveral exact Accompts of all Goods, Lands, Rents and Profits Sequeſtred, and enter the ſame into ſeveral Books of Accompts to be kept for that purpoſe, and ſhall within ten days, next after notice of this preſent Ordinance, make ſeveral Books of Accompts of all Debts, Rents, and Profits then arrear, unreceived and uncollected, and of the particulars and values of all the Goods, Lands, Rents, Tenements, and Revenues of every perſon Sequeſtred within their ſeveral diviſions, and ſhall likewiſe quarterly make and deliver the like Accompts unto the ſeveral Committees under whom they are imployed, to the end the certain value of the Sequeſtration may be diſcovered, and a conſtant Revenue raiſed.

XI. And it is further Ordained by the ſaid Lords and Commons, That all and every of the penalties in and by this preſent Ordinance impoſed, or to be inflicted upon any perſon or perſons offending contrary to this Ordinance, or any Article therein contained, ſhall be Levyed by the ſaid reſpective Committees, their Collectors and Agents, by diſtreſs and ſale of the parties goods ſo offending.

XII. And it is further Ordained, That no Committee or Committees whatſoever, ſhall without valuable conſideration diſpoſe of any Sequeſtred goods, or make any Loan thereof, without the conſent of both Houſes of Parliament.

XIII. That all Officers and every other perſon whatſoever, who hath detained in his hands any Sequeſtration moneys, or hath received any of the ſaid moneys without a ſufficient Warrant for his ſo doing, and contrary to former Ordinances, ſhall bring and pay all ſuch moneys ſo by them detained or received, to the Treaſurers for Sequeſtrations at *Guild-Hall London*, within twenty days after notice of this Ordinance, and in

default

default thereof, shall forfeit two shillings six pence for every twenty shillings for every week he or they shall detain or not pay the same to the uses aforesaid; and the monies so detained together with the said forfeiture, shall be levyed by the said respective Committees, their Collectors or Agents, by distress or sale of the parties Goods so offending; and where no sufficient distress can be found, the parties so offending to be committed to prison, till the money be paid as aforesaid.

XIV. And it is further Ordained, That for the prevention of all fraudulent and indirect dealing, and for the present and future satisfaction of the Kingdom, All Treasurers and Collectors in the Associated counties under the command of the Right Honorable *Edward* Earl of *Manchester*, as also in the county of *Kent* and *Surrey*, where by several Ordinances of Parliament, they have power to detain one third part of all the Sequestration money within the said counties, for the better maintaining of the Forces by them raised respectively, for the preservation of the Parliament and Kingdom, shall bring in to the Treasurers for Sequestrations at Guild-hall *London* every three moneths, or oftner if they shall be thereunto required, an exact Accompt of all the Sequestration monies by them received and issued out for the third part as aforesaid, or otherwise, and produce Receipts for the same, to the end the said Treasurers at Guild-hall may keep Accompt of all the Sequestration monies, as by former Ordinances was Ordained, and to take care that the said monies be equally divided and applyed, as by the said Ordinances is intended; and that the like course is to be observed by all particular men for all Sequestration moneys they shall receive, in any county or place under the power or command of the Parliament, by vertue of any particular Ordinance obtained by them; that they may receive no more then is intended and appointed by their several Ordinances respectively.

XV. And it is further Ordained, That *John Madden* Gentleman, shall be a General Solicitor for the better execution of this and the former Ordinances of Sequestrations, and is hereby Authorized to keep due correspondence with all Committees, So-

licitors, Treaſurers, Collectors, and other Officers employed about the Sequeſtrations, and ſhall give his beſt advice and aſſiſtance to the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild-hall, for the better promoting and advancing of the ſaid ſervice: And when he ſhall diſcover any obſtruction or diſorder in any perſon or perſons therein imployed, he ſhalll acquaint the Committee of the Lords and Commons for Sequeſtration therewith: And for his pains and attendance on this ſervice, the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild-hall ſhall pay unto him weekly twenty ſhillings; and ſhall alſo pay to the ſaid *John Madden* all his neceſſary charges and expences which he ſhall diſburſe, if he ſhall finde it needful, with advice of the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild-hall, to travel into any of the counties under the Power and command of the Parliament, for the better and more ſpeedy effecting of the Premiſes, and for the poſtage of Letters.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Sabbathi, 14 *Septemb.* 1644.

ORdered by the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That no Trees or Underwood be felled, or cut in Birch-wood, Cranborn-Chaſe, or in any other of the Parks, Forreſts, Chaſes, or Woods of the Kings, under the power of the Parliament, by vertue or colour of the Ordinance of Parliament for felling of Woods for the City, without the knowledge, conſent, and allowance of the Committee of the Kings Revenue: And that whatſoever Timber, or other wood is already felled and cut in any of theſe places, That none of it ſhall be carried away, without the conſent and allowance of the ſaid Committee. And that thoſe who have felled any Trees, or received or brought in any of the Trees in and of the Forreſts, Parks, or Woods, be brought to an Accompt by the Committee of the Revenue.

Die

Die Veneris, 18 *Julii*, 1645.

ORdered by the Commons assembled in Parliament, That all the Fee-Farm-Rents, other Rents and Revenues whatsoever payable to the Crown out of any Lands throughout the Kingdom, and the Arrears thereof, shall be paid in to the respective Receivers thereof in the several counties by those in whose hands they are; And are not to be accompted for part of the Sequestrations, or to be detained by any Sequestrators by colour of any Ordinances or Orders for Sequestrations whatsoever.

H: Elsynge Cler. Parl. D. Com.

---

8. September, 1645.

An Ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, For taking away the Fifth part of Delinquents Estates, formerly granted by an Ordinance of Parliament for maintaining of the Wives and Children of Delinquents.

WHereas by a late Ordinance of Sequestration it is among other things Declared and Ordained, That the Committees of the several counties shall have power to assign maintenance out of the Lands of Delinquents, to their several wives and children, so as the same exceed not the fifth part of the Lands or Goods so Sequestred: And whereas by occasion hereof, divers wives and children of Delinquents may resort hither, onely to obtain the said fifth part, and may be ready to do ill offices to the Parliament; The Lords and Commons, to prevent the said mischief, and other of like nature, do Ordain, That no wife, childe or children of any Delinquent, who shall come from their own Habitation into the Parliaments Quarters, with or without their Fathers and Husbands, from the Kings Quarters, shall have, hold and

and enjoy any fifth part by the ſaid Ordinance? And therefore they do Ordain, that all ſuch allowances hereafter to be made to ſuch wife or children, ſhall be utterly void. And if any ſuch wife, childe or children ſhall return from the Kings Quarters, without leave of both Houſes; The Deputy-Lieutenants and Committees of Parliament in the ſeveral counties, or any two of them, or any of them, are hereby authorized and required to take care, that they be commanded to return back into the Kings Quarters; And if they ſhall not return upon command given to them by the Deputy-Lieutenants or Committee, or any two of them, they ſhall hereby have power to commit them, until they ſhall give ſecurity for to return. And be it further Ordained, That no children of any Delinquents ſhall have any fifth part, but ſuch as ſhall be educated and brought up in the Proteſtant Religion.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Martis, 18 Novem. 1645.

An Ordinance of the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, For conſtituting and appointing a Committee of Lords and Commons, for the better ordering, directing, and diſpoſing of the Rents, Iſſues and Profits belonging to the Colledge and Collegiate Church of Weſtminſter.

WHereas the Colledge and Collegiate Church of *Weſtminſter* have been heretofore governed and regulated by the Dean and Prebends thereof, who have taken upon them the care and charge of bringing in the Rents and Profits belonging thereunto, for the maintenance of the Schollars of the Free-School, Almſmen, Servants, and Officers belonging to the ſaid Colledge and Collegiate Church: And forasmuch as the preſent Dean and Prebends thereof (except onely Mr. *Lambert Osbolſton*) have deſerted their charge, or are become Delinquents to the

the Parliament, whereby the ſaid Colledge and Collegiate Church is deſtitute of Government; and the ſaid School, Almſmen, Servants, and Officers, deprived of all means of ſubſiſtence, by reaſon no perſon is appointed to take care for the ſame; for remedy whereof, Be it Ordained by the Lords and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, That the Earl of *Northumberland*, Earl of *Pembroke*, Earl of *Nottingham*, Earl of *Denbigh*, Earl of *Mancheſter*, Lord Viſcount *Say* and *Seal*, Lord *Willoughby*, Lord *North*, Lord *Mountague*, Lord *Roberts*, Lord *Howard*, Maſter Solicitor, Mr. *Rous*, Sir *Walter Erle*, Mr. *Wheeler*, Sir *Robert Harley*, Mr. *Maynard*, Sir *Gilbert Gerrard*, Sir *William Strickland*, Mr. *Aſhurſt*, Sir *John Clotworthy*, Mr. *Reynolds*, Mr. *Gourdon*, Mr. *Liſle*, Maſter Recorder, Sir *William Maſſam*, Sir *Robert Pye*, Sir *John Trevor*, Mr. *Swalloway*, Mr. *Hoyl*, Sir *John Dreyden*, Sir *Henry Vane* Junior, and *Bulſtrode Whitlock*, Eſq; ſhall be and are hereby conſtituted and appointed the Committee in this Ordinance; And that the ſaid Committee or any ſeven or more of them, ſhall have the ſame and the like power and authority to all intents and purpoſes as any Dean and Prebends have, or of right ought to have had in the ordering, directing, and diſpoſing the Rents, Iſſues, and profits belonging, or in any wiſe appertaining to the Colledge or Collegiate Church; And in doing and executing all other Act or Acts, thing or things that any way concerns the ſaid Colledge or Collegiate Church: Provided the ſame extend not to the letting Leaſes of any Houſes or Lands belonging to the ſaid Colledge for above the ſpace of three years, reſerving at the leaſt ſuch yearly Rents, profits and ſervices, as were formerly payable out of any ſuch Lands or Houſes unto the ſaid Colledge or Collegiate Church: And be it further Ordained by the ſaid Lords and Commons, That the ſaid Dean and Prebends, and all other Officers, Members, and Servants belonging to the ſaid Colledge or Collegiate Church, and every of them that have abſented themſelves from their Offices and Places, or are Delinquents, or have not taken the Covenant, ſhall (until both Houſes take Order to the contrary) ſtand and be ſuſpended of and from their ſeveral places and Offices, and of and from

all

all maner of benefit or profit that might accrew unto them or any of them thereby, with the Arrears thereof: Provided this extend not to the taking away such stipend or other allowance from the said Mr. *Osbolston*, as of right he hath formerly received, or ought to have received as a Prebend of the said Collegiate Church of *Westminster*: And the said Committee or any seven or more of them, are hereby authorized to constitute and appoint fit and able persons in the room and places of such officers and servants belonging to the said Colledge or Collegiate Church, as are dead, or have deserted their places, or are Delinquents, or not taken the Covenant as aforesaid, whose Offices and places they shall finde necessary to be continued for the use and service of the said Colledge. And be it further Ordained, That the said Committee, or any seven or more of them, together with the Master of Trinity Colledge in *Cambridge*, and the Master of the said School in *Westminster*, shall hereby have the like power to elect and chuse Schollars into the said School, and thence to Trinity Colledge in *Cambridge* aforesaid, and to Christ Church in *Oxon*, as by the Statutes of the said Colledge of *Westminster*, was invested in the Dean of *Westminster* and Christ Church, the Master of Trinity Colledge and *Westminster* School aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, when the said Dean or Master of Christ Church aforesaid, shall not be Delinquent to the Parliament, his right in the election aforesaid, according to the said Statutes shall not hereby be impeached.

And the said Committee, or any seven or more of them, are hereby further authorized to place poor men in such Alms-places belonging to the said Collegiate Church, as shall from time to time become void.

And whereas the upholding of Preaching in the Abbey of *Westminster* aforesaid, upon the Lords days, and the daily morning Lecture there, is a work much tending to the glory of God, and comfort of the Inhabitants of *Westminster* and places adjacent; Be it therefore further Ordained, That the said Committee or any seven or more of them, shall have power hereby to make such allowances out of the Revenues belonging to the said Collegiate Church, unto the Ministers that have or shall perform the

the ſaid ſervice upon the Lords-day, and week dayes aforeſaid, as they ſhall think fit.

And it is laſtly Ordered and Ordained, That all and every perſon and perſons that ſhall do or perform any thing in conformity to this preſent Ordinance, ſhall be ſaved and kept harmleſs by Authority of both Houſes of Parliament.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Jovis, 8 Julii, 1646.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That all ſuch perſons as have preſented their Petitions at Goldſmiths-hall, or agreed to their compoſitions, and ſhall not come in before the firſt of Auguſt next, and proſecute their compoſitions to effect, ſhall loſe the whole benefit of the favor intended by their compoſitions, and be reputed among thoſe that ſtill ſtand out, and have not rendred themſelves to the Parliament.

This to be forthwith printed and publiſhed: And that the the care hereof be referred to the Committee at Goldſmiths-hall.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Martis, 25 Auguſt, 1646.

An Order of the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, For Limitation of the Committee for Fifth and Twentieth part at Haberdaſhers-hall.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That the power of the Committee at Haberdaſhers-hall ſhall not extend from henceforth to any perſon or perſons whatſoever, for aſſeſing them for any Fifth part, or for any fifth or Twentieth part,

ſave onely unto ſuch perſon or perſons as are or have been Delinquents to the Parliament, and unto ſuch perſons as have not voluntarily contributed in any place whatſoever to the Parliament.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Jovis, 3 September, 1646.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That it be referred to the Committee at Goldſmiths-hall, to compound with all ſuch Delinquents have come in upon Mercy, ſithence the firſt day of May laſt, according to the higheſt Rate in the Propoſitions: And that the ſaid Committee do upon their Report, ſtate the nature of the Delinquencies, and the time of the coming in of all ſuch perſons with whom they ſhall make any ſuch compoſitions: And that the time given to all ſuch Delinquents as are compriſed within this Order, to proſecute their compoſitions in with effect, ſhall be until the third day of October next; and in default of ſuch proſecuting of their compoſitions within that time, that then their whole Eſtates ſhall be forfeited and ſold: And that this Order be forthwith printed and publiſhed.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Veneris, 23 October, 1646.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That the Judges and Sergeants of the ſeveral Sergeants Inns, The Benchers of the ſeveral Inns of Court, and the Members of this Houſe of the ſaid ſeveral Inns of Court reſpectively do take care, That no perſons who have adhered to the enemy againſt the parliament, be permitted to come again into any of their chambers, or be admitted into any of the Sergeants Inns, Inns of Court, or Inns of Chancery, or to live in any of the ſaid Societies.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Martis, 10 November, 1646.

Several Votes of the Commons assembled in Parliament, concerning Delinquents.

Resolved, &c.

THat the Committee of Sequestrations in the several counties, do return to the Committee at Goldsmiths-hall, all the names of Papists and Delinquents, which are or have been sequestred by them respectively in their several counties; and a particular List of all the Estates of such persons, and to whom they have been let during the Sequestration thereof, and what the values thereof were before the War.

Resolved, &c. That the Estates Real and Personal of all Papists and Delinquents within the Ordinances of Sequestrations, not yet sequestred, and not compounded for at Goldsmiths-hall, be speedily sequestred, and the names of such Delinquents sent up to the Committee at Goldsmiths-hall.

Resolved, &c. That the Lands and Estates of such persons as are excepted in the first three Qualifications of the Propositions, or any part thereof, shall not be let or demised to the Owners thereof, or to their Bailiffs or Servants, or to any person or persons in trust for them, or to their use or behoof.

Resolved, &c. That the Lands and Estates of other Delinquents capable to be admitted to composition, sequestred, or which shall be sequestred, in the several respective counties, or any part thereof, shall not in any case be let or demised unto the Owners thereof, or to their Bayliffs or Servants, or to any other persons in trust for them, or to their use or behoof, unless such Delinquents shall by certificate from the Committee at Goldsmiths-hall make it appear, that they are in their actual prosecution of their compositions, and do proceed therein without delay on their parts.

H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Martis, 8 Decemb. 1646.

Reſolved, &c.

THat no Committee-man, Sequeſtrator, Collector, or other Officer imployed in the Sequeſtrations in the ſeveral reſpective counties, ſhall by himſelf, or any other in truſt for him or to his uſe, take to Farm or Rent, any Lands or Eſtates ſequeſtred, or to be ſequeſtred in the ſaid ſeveral counties where he is a Committee-man, Sequeſtrator, Collector, or other Officer imployed in the Sequeſtrations as aforeſaid.

Reſolved &c. That all the Lands and Eſtates of Papiſts and Delinquents ſequeſtred, and to be ſequeſtred in the ſeveral and reſpective counties, ſhall be let out at the utmoſt improved yearly values that any man will give for the ſame: And that all Leaſes and Grants made to any Delinquents or Papiſts, the Owners of the ſaid Lands and Eſtates, or to their ſervants, or any in truſt for them, at a lower rate and value then the ſame were truly worth, and might have been demiſed for to others, at the time the ſaid Leaſe ſhall be void.

Reſolved, &c. That all perſons in the ſeveral and reſpective counties who have been in Arms, or left their Habitations, and reſided in the Enemies Gariſons, and are lyable to Sequeſtrations, and have not tendred themſelves to a compoſition for their Eſtates, and proſecuted it with effect at Goldſmiths-hall, and are at liberty, and not compriſed within any Articles, whereby they are protected, ſhall be forthwith apprehended and committed to ſafe cuſtody, by the Committee of Parliament reſiding in the ſeveral counties, and their names certified to the Committee at Goldſmiths-hall. Provided, That ſuch perſons whoſe Eſtates Real or Perſonal are not worth Two hundred pounds, be hereby pardoned and diſcharged from Sequeſtration, they coming in according to the time limited in the Propoſitions, and taking the Negative Oath and Covenant.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

4 *January*, 1647.

An Order of the Commons assembled in Parliament, For the taking off the Priviledge and Protection of any persons belonging to any Member of the said House, or for or concerning the Lands or Estate of any Members of the said House.

THe Commons in this present Paliament assembled, having a tender regard to the general good of this Kingdom; and considering the many weighty affairs which hath prolonged this present Session of parliament, during which time by reason of the Priviledges of Parliament, the prosecution of just Suits may be too much delayed; For the present remedy whereof, the said Commons being willing to forbear for some time their own Interest and Priviledge for the publique good, Do Order, and be it Ordered by the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, That no person or persons under the Authority of the said House, except the Members thereof, shall from the Twentieth day of this instant *January*, *Anno Dom.* 1647. during this present Session of Parliament, have any protection or Immunity by reason of any Priviledge of the said House of Parliament, or derived from the Members thereof, or any of them, in any Action or Suit for Debt, or any Action or Suit grounded upon any Right or Title to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or upon any Contract upon Borrowing or Lending, or Buying, or Selling, or grounded upon any Security given or to be given by Lease, Mortgage, or otherwise, for any sum or sums of Money.

And it is hereby further Ordered, That during this present Session of Parliament, in the cases aforesaid, The Members of the said House of Parliament, and every of them, their Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods and Chattels, shall be subject to any Action, Suit, Process, Execution, Decree, or other Demand whatsoever, in Law or Equity (so that the same extend not to the Imprisonment or Arrest of the person) or to prosecution upon any penal Law.

And

And be it further Ordered, That every Member of this House, having a Process delivered him for appearance in the Cases aforesaid, do accordingly make his Appearance, or in default this House on complaint thereof, will take such course therein as to Justice shall appertain.

H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Sabbathi, 15 Januarii, 1647.

A Declaration of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament; With the Resolutions of both Houses concerning the King. Together with an Order, for Imprisoning the persons, and Sequestring the Estates of any that shall act contrary to this Declaration and Resolutions.

THe Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, after many Addresses to His Majesty for the preventing and ending this Unnatural War raised by Him against His Parliament and Kingdom, having lately sent four Bills to his Majesty, which did contain onely matter of Safety and Security to the Parliament and Kingdom, referring the composure of all other Differences to a Personal Treaty with His Majesty; and having received an absolute Negative, Do hold themselves obliged to use their uttermost Endeavors speedily to settle the present Government in such a way as may bring the greatest Security to this Kingdom, in the enjoynment of the Laws and Liberties thereof; And in order thereunto, and that the Houses may receive no Delays nor Interruptions in so great and necessary a work, they have taken these Resolutions, and passed these Votes following; *viz.*

Resolved upon the Question,

THat *the Lords and Commons do Declare, That they will make no further Addresses or Applications to the King.*

Resolved,

Reſolved, &c.

By the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That no Application or Addreſs be made to the King by any perſon whatſoever, without the leave of both Houſes.

Reſolved, &c.

By the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That the perſon or perſons that ſhall make breach of this Order, ſhall incur the penalties of High Treaſon.

Reſolved, &c.

That the Lords and Commons do Declare, That they will receive no more any Meſſage from the King; and do enjoyn, That no perſon whatſoever do preſume to receive or bring any Meſſage from the King to both or either of the Houſes of Parliament, or to any other perſon.

John Brown, Cler. Parliamentorum.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Lunæ, 17 Januarii, 1647.

ORdered by the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That this Declaration and theſe Reſolutions be forthwith printed and publiſhed; And that the ſeveral Knights of the Shires, and Burgeſſes that ſerve for the ſeveral Towns and places, do ſend Copies of the ſame to the ſeveral counties and places.

It is further Ordered, That whatſoever perſon ſhall act contrary to this Declaration and Reſolutions of Parliament, or ſhall incite our encourage others ſo to do, ſhall upon due proof thereof be impriſoned, and his Eſtate ſequeſtred; and the Offenders in the Premiſes, after publication hereof, ſhall be within the ſeveral Ordinances of Sequeſtration: And all Committees and Commiſſioners of Sequeſtrations are hereby Authorized and required to take notice hereof, and to proceed to Sequeſtration accordingly.

Joh: Brown, Cler. Parliamentorum.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Jovis, 11 November, 1647.

Reſolved, &c.

THat the wives and children of all ſuch perſons as are, have been, or ſhall be ſequeſtred by Order of either Houſe of Parliament, ſhall be comprehended within the Ordinance that allows a fifth part for wives and children, and ſhall have their fifth part allowed unto them, and the Committee of Lords and Commons for Sequeſtrations, and the Committee for plundered Miniſters, and all other Committees are required to take notice hereof, and yield obedience thereunto accordingly.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

---

20 Junii, 1648.

Several Votes of the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, concerning ſuch as take up Arms againſt the Parliament of England, *or aſſiſt in ſuch War: Wherein is Declared, That all ſuch perſons are Traytors by the Fundamental Laws of this Kingdom, and ought to ſuffer accordingly.*

WHereas the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled did upon the Twentieth of May, 1642. for the preventing of the late War, paſs theſe three Votes:

I. *That it appears, That the King (ſeduced by Wicked Counſel) intends to make War againſt the Parliament, who in all their Conſultations and Actions, have propoſed no other end unto themſelves, but the care of the Kingdoms, and the performance of all Duty and Loyalty to His Perſon.*

II. *That whenſoever the King maketh War upon the Parliament, it is a breach of the Truſt repoſed in Him by His People, contrary*

contrary to His Oath, and tending to the diſſolution of this Government.

III. *That whoſoever ſhall ſerve or aſſiſt Him in ſuch Wars, are Traytors by the Fundamental Laws of this Kingdom, and have been ſo adjudged by two Acts of Parliament, and ought to ſuffer as Traytors,* 11 Richard 2. 1 Hen. 4.

And whereas there are now at this time divers perſons in Arms, who endeavor to raiſe War againſt the Parliament; The Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, for better enforming of the Subjects of this Kingdom in their duty, do now at this time Declare, That it doth appear, That divers who have aſſiſted the King in the late War againſt the Parliament, as alſo divers others do endeavor to ſeduce the people, and do actually levy War againſt the Parliament.

That whoſoever ſhall make War againſt the Parliament of *England*, or aſſiſt in ſuch War, are Traytors by the Fundamental Laws of this Kingdom, and have been ſo adjudged by two Acts of Parliament, and ought to ſuffer as Traytors, 11 *Rich.* 2. 1 *Hen.* 4.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

20 Junii, 1648.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That theſe Votes be forthwith printed, and publiſhed by the Sheriffs in every Market Town in ſeveral Counties, at the next Market days after the receipt hereof; And that the Judges do deliver them in their ſeveral Circuits.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Lunæ, 5 Junii, 1648.

REſolved upon the Queſtion, by the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, That the Fifth and Twentieth part be leavied upon none but ſuch Delinquents as are within the Ordinances of Sequeſtrations.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Veneris, 7 Julii, 1648.

Reſolved, &c.

THat this Houſe doth Declare, That the Duke of *Buckingham*, Earl of *Holland*, Earl of *Peterborough*, and all that have or ſhall adhere to them, have and do Leavy War againſt the Parliament and Kingdom, and are Traytors and Rebels, and ought to be proceeded againſt as Traytors and Rebels.

Ordered, &c.

That the ſeveral Committees in the ſeveral counties and places where there lies any of the Eſtates Real or Perſonal of the Duke of *Buckingham*, Earl of *Holland*, Earl of *Peterborough*, or any other that have or ſhall adhere to them in this Action of Leavying War againſt the Parliament and Kingdom, do forthwith proceed to the Sequeſtration of their Eſtates Real and Perſonal.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die

Die Sabbathi, 8 Julii, 1648.

REſolved upon the Queſtion by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That the Eſtates Real and Perſonal of all thoſe perſons that have been formerly in Arms againſt the Parliament, and have been in the laſt Inſurrection in *Kent*, be forthwith Sequeſtred.

Reſolved, &c.

That the Eſtates Real and Perſonal of all thoſe perſons that have been in former Inſurrections in *Kent*, and in the laſt Inſurrection, be forthwith Sequeſtred.

Reſolved, &c.

That the Eſtates Real and Perſonal of all thoſe perſons that have been Commiſſioners, as Commanders in the late Inſurrection in *Kent*, or have been notoriouſly active in Plundrings or Impriſonments in the late Inſurrection in *Kent*, be forthwith Sequeſtred.

Two Votes of the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, Declaring the Forces that are now come out of Scotland *into* England, *under the Command of Duke* Hamilton, *Enemies to this Kingdom; And that all perſons of the Engliſh or Iriſh Nation that have invited, or voluntarily ayded or aſſiſted them, are Traytors and Rebels.*

Die Veneris, 14 Julii, 1648.

Reſolved upon the Queſtion,

THat this Houſe doth Declare, That the Forces that are now come out of *Scotland* into *England* in a Hoſtile maner under the command of Duke *Hamilton*, being without the Authority of the Parliament of *England*, are Enemies to the Kingdom of

England: And that all persons of the English or Irish Nation, that joyn with, or adhere unto, or voluntarily ayd or assist them, are Rebels and Traytors to the kingdom of *England*, and shall be proceeded against as Traytors and Rebels.

Die Jovis, 20 Julii, 1648.

Resolved upon the Question,

THat this House doth Declare all such persons as are of this kingdom, that have invited the Army of the Scots, now come into *England* under Duke *Hamilton*, to come into this kingdom, or have assisted that Army, are Traytors, and shall be proceeded against as Traytors.

H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl D. Com.

Die Lunæ, 17 Julii, 1648.

VVE the Commons in Parliament assembled, taking into our consideration the late high Insurrection in *Kent*, so suddenly and wonderfully quelled by the blessing of God, upon that small part of the Army under the conduct of the Lord *Fairfax* General, cannot but be deeply sensible of the evil demerits of such persons as have any ways had a hand therein; as also of the mischievous consequences that offenders in so high a nature should go unpunished, yet are we desirous to use all possible lenity towards those who are in any measure capable thereof.

And do therefore hereby Declare, That although we see a necessity that some capital Examples be made, yet shall our principal aym therein be, that all may be warned by the punishment of few.

And although others who have thus employed their Estates against the Parliament and kingdom, to the raising and fomenting of new distractions and troubles have justly incurred a total forfeiture of the same, towards the repairing of the publique losses

losses and damages by them occasioned, yet shall we thereunto extend onely the Sequestration of the Estates of the principal Actors, namely, such as have been formerly in Arms against the Parliament, or in former Insurrections in that county, or who have taken upon them to act in this Insurrection, as Commissioners or Commanders, or who have been therein notoriously active in Plundrings or Imprisonments, and such Ministers as have bin active in this Insurrection, and as for such other persons who only through ignorance or weaknes in themselves, & the subtilties or threats of others have bin seduced or terrified into some mistaken or unwilling compliance in that action, we do hereby warn all those not to flatter themselves for the future, in such unworthy principals, so prone and easie to be wrought upon to joyn with evil doers.

And do likewise hereby require every such person who expects the favor of this so gentle a warning, that they engage themselves that they will never bear Arms against the two Houses of Parliament, or against any that derive Authority from them; nor wittingly do any thing to the prejudice of their Affairs, or to the disturbance of the Peace of that county, upon which said Engagement entred into by such persons as come not under any the aforesaid former qualifications of principal Actors, or who having been taken by the Lord General as Prisoners of War, are not by him already set apart by lot or otherwise, for a judicial Tryal to be appointed by this House, the said Engagers (not as before excepted) and every of them are hereby declared to be freely pardoned, and so long as they shall demean themselves according to their said Engagement, are not to be proceeded against by any Mulct or Penalty whatsoever for the said offence, nor to be any ways lyable for the same, otherwise then what they are and shall be lyable unto by Action or Suit at Law, for satisfaction unto particular persons by them damnified, wherein each particular person is left unto his legal Remedy for Reparations or Recovery of damages, as if this Declaration had not been made.

And the Churchwarden or Churchwardens of the several Parishes within the said County for the time being, are hereby re-

required to provide and keep a Regiſter or Book, wherein the ſaid Engagement is to be written and ſubſcribed as aforeſaid, within three days after notice of this Declaration unto any of the ſaid perſons who expect the benefit thereof.

And the Miniſters of the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes are hereby required openly to read this Declaration in their ſeveral Pariſh Churches upon the next Lords day after the receipt thereof, at ſome convenient time before the diſmiſſing of the Congregation from the Mornings exerciſe; and at the ſame time to give the people ſome ſeaſonable Inſtructions and Exhortations, touching their duty of thankfulneſs unto God for ſo great mercy, as the ſpeedy ſuppreſſing of that Inſurrection; as alſo touching their duty of quiet and peaceable demeanor towards thoſe who are in publike place and Authority; and to take heed of the Counſels and practices of thoſe, who upon what pretence ſoever, are the Stirrers up of Seditions and Tumults.

And the Committee of the ſaid county are hereby required to take care of the ſpeedy diſperſing of this Declaration, and to take a ſtrict account of what is due according as is hereby required by the Miniſters and other perſons reſpectively concerned.

H: Elſynge Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Mercurii, 9 Auguſt, 1648.

An Ordinance of the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, for the better Regulating and Ordering the Sequeſtration of the Eſtates of Papiſts and Delinquents, and for reforming & preventing of abuſes in the managing of the ſame.

THe Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, for the better regulating and ordering the Sequeſtration of the Eſtates of Papiſts and Delinquents, and for reforming and preventing abuſes in the managing of the ſame, Do Order and Ordain, And be it Ordered and Ordained, *viz.*

1. That the Solicitors of every county and city where any ſuch are appointed by Authority of Parliament, and (where there is no ſuch Solicitors) the Sequeſtrators or Collectors appointed by

by the respective Committees of the several counties shall send up to the Treasurers for Sequestrations at *Guild-Hall London*, a true and perfect Inventory (to the best of his or their knowledge) of all the personal Estates by them Sequestred from their first undertaking therewith, as the same hath been by them or any other person or persons (by their appointment) Sequestred, Appraised, or Sold: As also an exact and true particular (to the best of his or their knowledge) of all the Annual Rents, Profits, Fines, arising or issuing of all Houses and Lands Sequestred within the several counties, cities, corporations, and places wherewith or wherein they have been intrusted: And shall also send up (as aforesaid) a particular (to the best of his or their knowledge) of all Estates Real and personal, which hath been discharged and freed from Sequestration; and to certifie upon what grounds and warrants the same hath been done: And likewise they are to send up to the said Treasurers an exact and perfect Accompt (to the best of his or their knowledge) of all the several payments and disbursements by them respectively made, of all or any the proceed of all the Real and Personal Estates of all Delinquents and Papists Sequestred within the several and respective places where they have been or are severally imployed or intrusted; that so the Treasurers may pass all to Accompt that they finde to have been duly paid, according as is or shall be appointed by both Houses of Parliament, that hath been issued forth for the service of the Parliament; all which particulars shall be sent up, and performed as aforesaid, within three moneths next after notice of this Ordinance by the particular persons above mentioned respectively, upon pain of forfeiting the sum of twenty pounds, and so twenty pounds for every moneth it shall be delayed after the said three moneths, without reasonable cause shewed to be allowed of by the Committee for Indemnity.

2. That no Delinquents or Papists Estate Real or Personal Sequestred, nor any part thereof shall be taken from or out of the hands or managing of the Committee, by whose order, direction, or Officers, the same hath been Sequestred by any other Committee, person or persons whatsoever, upon any pretence whatsoever,

whatſoever, but the ſame Eſtate (being Perſonal) ſhall be Appraiſed and Sold by the direction of the Committee which cauſed the ſame to be Sequeſtred, for the beſt advantage of the State; And the Real Eſtates, Houſes, and Lands (in like maner as aforeſaid) to be let out by the ſaid Committee, or by their direction: And the money ariſing thereout ſhall be Collected and Received as aforeſaid, and be accordingly paid in unto the ſaid Treaſurers at *Guild-Hall* in maner and form following, unleſs it be heretofore otherwiſe provided for by Order or Ordinance of Parliament, or hath been iſſued forth for the Service of the Parliament, to be made appear by the Oath of the Accomptant; (That is to ſay,) That all perſon or perſons reſiding within the city of *London* and Lines of Communication, that have received any Sequeſtration money (by vertue of any Ordinance or Order of both or either Houſes of Parliament) ſhall upon Oath give a true Accompt thereof, and pay ſuch ſums of money as ſhall be due and remain in their hands (without ſufficient Authority) to the Treaſurers at *Guild-Hall London*, within ſix days after notice hereof: And all others within forty miles of *London*, pay the moneys they receive within twenty days after notice hereof: And ſuch perſon and perſons as do or ſhall reſide or dwel within fifty miles of *London*, ſhall within forty days next after notice hereof, pay the ſame in to the Treaſurers aforeſaid, upon pain of forfeiting two ſhillings and ſix pence in the pound for every week he or they ſhall detain the ſame after the reſpective times herein limited (without reaſonable cauſe ſhewed to be allowed of by the Committee of Indempnity:) And all other counties and places above fifty miles from *London*, (ſhall after notice hereof) bring in their moneys and accompts within three moneths upon the penalty. Provided, that all ſuch Committees of Sequeſtrations, Sub-Committee, or any other perſon or perſons, by Order or Ordinance of Parliament (authorized thereunto) their Agents, Treaſurers or Collectors, that have formerly given in their Accompts, upon Oath to the Committee or Sub-Committee of Accompts, ſhall not be brought to Accompt for any moneys or goods they have formerly Accompted for: And the ſaid Treaſurers for Sequeſtrations at *Guild-Hall* are hereby authorized for the ſpace of twelve

twelve moneths next after the date of this Ordinance to imploy ſuch perſon and perſons as they ſhall think fit for the further and better performing and expediting the affairs of Sequeſtrations, the perſons ſo to be imployed not exceeding the number of twenty perſons, and to reward all and every ſuch perſon and perſons ſo to be imployed as aforeſaid) with reaſonable ſallaries not exceeding two pence *per* pound of the money ſo by them raiſed.

3. That all perſon and perſons whatſoever that have remaining in their hands (without ſufficient authority) any Sequeſtration money, and ſhall not pay in the ſame to the Treaſurers aforeſaid, within one moneth next after notice of this Ordinance, ſhall forfeit as much more money as the ſame (ſo remaining in their hands) doth amount unto as aforeſaid, unleſs he or they can make it appear by the Oath of the accomptant or otherwiſe, that the ſaid money was diſburſed for the Service of the Parliament, and the ſame, together with the Sequeſtration money, to be leavied by diſtreſs and ſale of the parties goods ſo offending by the Collectors or Agents of ſuch Committee for Sequeſtration, as ſhall be next the place or places, where ſuch goods ſhall be found.

4. That the Commanders, Officers and Soldiers, and every of them that have got (or ſhall hereafter got) by violence or any other indirect way into their hands any Sequeſtration money, or any other ſums of money, upon any falſe pretence of pay due to them, or otherwiſe, ſhall within one moneth after proof thereof, by two ſufficient witneſſes upon Oath, before the reſpective Committees, pay in to the ſaid Treaſurers all ſuch money ſo by them received, or in default thereof the party or parties ſo offending to be caſhiered, and alſo forfeit all the pay due to him for his ſervice, and to be further proceeded againſt as both Houſes of Parliament ſhall think fit.

5. And for as much as the Courts Leets, and Courts Barons in divers Mannors belonging to divers Delinquents, or Papiſts (whoſe Eſtates have been and continue Sequeſtred) hath not been kept in divers of the ſaid Mannors at any time (or but ſeldom) ſince the ſame became Sequeſtred, It is therefore Or-

dained, That the Committee for Sequeſtrations in ſuch reſpective counties ſhall (and are hereby required to) nominate, appoint and authorize ſuch honeſt able and fit perſon or perſons in ſuch county, as ſhall be in their judgement moſt expedient to hold and keep all and every ſuch Court and Courts according to the ſeveral and reſpective cuſtoms and uſages of ſuch ſeveral and reſpective Mannors, and that all and every the Act and Acts done and to be done by every ſuch perſon and perſons, or his or their ſufficient deputy or deputies, in purſuance of this preſent Ordinance (being alſo done with the direction and conſent of the reſpective Committees) ſhall be valid and effectual to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame had been done by ſome Lord or Lords of ſuch Mannor or Mannors, or by his or their Steward or Stewards, thereunto by ſuch Lord or Lords authorized.

6. And what ſervices the ſaid Treaſurers ſhall perform in purſuance of this Ordinance, concerning the Premiſes, ſhall be underſtood to be (as it is) very acceptable to the State, and ſhall not paſs without due regard had thereof on them. And it is hereby further Ordained, that the ſaid Treaſurers, their Heirs, Executors and Adminiſtrators, and every of them, and all and every other perſon and perſons, their Heirs, Executors and Adminiſtrators, that have heretofore acted or done any thing in or about any of the affairs of Sequeſtrations, by vertue of any former Order or Orders, Ordinance or Ordinances of Parliament, or that ſhall hereafter act or do any thing in or concerning any the Premiſes according to this preſent preſent Ordinance, or any other Order or Orders, Ordinance or Ordinances of Parliament, they and every of them ſhall be protected and ſaved harmleſs therein, and therefore, and of and from all and all maner of interruption, trouble, moleſtation, diſturbance, loſs and damage whatſoever which ſhall or may befal them or any of them, for, by reaſon of or concerning any the premiſes, ſo acted or done, or to be acted or done as aforeſaid. And in caſe the ſaid Treaſurers or the perſons imployed by them, in and about the affairs of Sequeſtration, or the other perſons aforeſaid, or any of them, their, or any of their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, ſhall at any time or times hereafter be ſued, indicted, proſecuted

proſecuted or moleſted for any ſuch Act or thing as is aforeſaid, It is hereby Declared and Ordained, That in every Action, Suit, Indictment, Information or Proſecution whatſoever, wherein or whereby they ſhall be ſo ſued, indicted, proſecuted, or moleſted, It ſhall be lawful to and for them, or any of them, their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns to plead the general iſſue, and ſhall and may give in evidence to the Jury that ſhall try the ſame, and that the matter in queſtion was an act or thing acted or done, or commanded to be acted or done by Authority of this preſent Parliament; which evidence being proved, ſhall be admitted and allowed by the ſeveral and reſpective Judge or Judges, Juſtice or Juſtices and Jury, before whom it ſhall be tried, as ſufficient to maintain the general iſſue, and if the verdict ſhall paſs with the defendant or defendants in any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit as is aforeſaid, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs ſhall be non-ſuited therein, or ſuffer any diſcontinuance thereof, the reſpective Judge or Juſtices ſhall award unto the defendant or defendants treble coſts, for which the ſaid defendant or defendants ſhall have the like remedey as in the like caſes they ought to have by the Laws of the Realm, and what any Judges, Juſtices, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bayliffs, Jurors, Officers and Miniſters, of Juſtice ſhall do according to this Ordinance, or in purſuance thereof, they ſhall be juſtified and ſaved harmleſs by Authority of Parliament, for and concerning the ſame.

Provided that nothing in this Ordinance contained ſhall extend to the nulling or making void of any Order or Ordinance of one or either Houſes of Parliament, whereby any Sequeſtration or any part thereof, is or hath been diſpoſed of.

And that no clauſe in this Ordinance ſhall extend to the trouble or moleſtation of any perſon or perſons for any thing done or to be done for the ſervice of the Parliament.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Veneris, 25 Auguſt, 1648.

An Additional Ordinance of the Lords and Commons aſſembled in Parliament, For the better regulating, and ſpeedy bringing in the Sequeſtration moneys ariſing out of the Real and Perſonal Eſtates of Papiſts and Delinquents, already or hereafter to be ſequeſtred, according to former Ordinances of Parliament.

THe Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, For the better regulating and more ſpeedy bringing in the moneys ariſing out of the Real or Perſonal Eſtates of Papiſts and Delinquents already Sequeſtred, or which hereafter ſhall be ſequeſtred, and for reforming and preventing abuſes and miſcarriages in managing of the ſame, Do Order and Ordain, and be it Ordered and Ordained (*viz.*)

1. That the Treaſurers, Collectors or Solicitors, or any other perſon or perſons who have received any Sequeſtration moneys, ſhall within forty days next after notice of this Ordinance reſpectively, produce unto the Treaſurers at Guild-hall *London* (or whom they ſhall appoint) their ſeveral Warrants and Acquittances to juſtifie their Receipts, and all Payments by them iſſued out of the Sequeſtration moneys by them received, to any perſon or perſons, excepting onely for ſuch ſum or ſums of money as they have paid or cauſe to be paid to the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild hall; that ſo the ſaid Treaſurers may place the ſame to Accompt as appertaineth, and give them diſcharges for what they have duly paid.

2. That every perſon and perſons imployed or to be imployed as Solicitors, Collectors or Treaſurers, in or about the Sequeſtrations, that have not taken the Oath preſcribed by the Ordinance of the 27 May, 1643. ſhall take the ſaid Oath accordingly, before they do further intermeddle with the Sequeſtrations, preſently after notice of this Ordinance.

3. That the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild hall, have power to diſpoſe

poſe of two pence in the pound of all ſuch moneys as they ſhall receive by vertue of this Ordinance, for and towards the ſalary and expences of ſuch perſons as they ſhall imploy about the execution of this Ordinance.

4. That whereas divers ſurcharges remain before the Committee of Accompts, or their Sub-committees in divers counties and places within the Kingdom of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, upon divers perſons Accomptants for ſeveral ſums of money not by them paid in to the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild hall; that therefore the ſaid Committee, and all their reſpective Sub-committees, are hereby required within (fourteen days after notice of this Ordinance given them) to ſend to the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild hall an exact particular of every ſuch Surcharge as remaineth with any of them againſt any perſon or perſons that have been imployed about the affairs of Sequeſtrations; together with ſuch Information as they can give concerning any fraudulent or indirect dealing that hath been uſed in or about the Premiſes: And that all ſuch perſon or perſons as ſhall be found to have any Sequeſtration moneys in their hands, ſhall pay, or cauſe the ſame to be paid in to the Treaſurers at Guild hall, within ſix days after notice of this Ordinance, if they reſide within the city of *London*, and the Lines of Communication, and all others within forty miles of *London*, ſhall pay in the moneys as aforeſaid within twenty days: And ſuch perſon or perſons as do or ſhall reſide above forty miles from *London*, ſhall pay or cauſe to be paid, all Sequeſtration moneys remaining in their hands, unto the ſaid Treaſurers, within forty days after notice hereof: And alſo all other Sequeſtration moneys which they or any of them ſhall hereafter receive in the places and limits before expreſſed reſpectively, ſhall be brought in to the ſaid Treaſurers at Guild hall, within the reſpective times before mentioned, upon pain of forfeiting two ſhillings and ſix pence in the pound for every week he or they ſhall detain the ſame, after the reſpective times herein limited, that the Aſſignment made by the Parliament upon the ſaid Treaſurers, may be the ſooner diſcharged: Provided, That this Ordinance doth not extend to any Order or Ordinance of both or either Houſes of Parliament, formeerly

merly granted for the disposing of Sequestration moneys, nor to such as have formerly disposed such moneys for the service of the Parliament, or to such persons as have or shall dispose such moneys by vertue of any Order or Ordinance of both or either Houses of Parliament, or for the emergent service of the Parliament.

5. If any Solicitor, Collector or Treasurer for Sequestrations, perform not his or their duty according to this and other former Ordinances for Sequestrations (as may be feared too many will not) there is no power given either to compel or question any such, whereby the service will be much retarded; It is therefore hereby further Ordained, That Captain *William Steavenson*, as Deputy to the Sergeant at Arms who attends the Houses of Commons, shall be a Messenger, and is hereby appointed and authorized to bring up any person or persons to the Committee for Indempnity, that shall not obey this and other former Ordinances of Parliament, as he shall be directed by the said Treasurers at Guild-hall, to answer for their contempt of the Authority of Parliament, and to receive condign punishment according to their Demerits: And the said *William Steavenson* shall have forty pounds *per annum* salary, to be paid him quarterly by the said Treasurers, besides his riding charges when he shall be employed by the said Treasurers abroad in the said service; and in case of sickness or other lawful impediments, the said Sergeant at Arms shall have power, and is hereby authorized to constitute a Deputy-Messenger to be imployed by the said Treasurers in the said service, as often as occasion shall require.

H. Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Cler.

Die

Die Lunæ, 16 October, 1648.

THe Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, taking into consideration the necessity of having Guards of Horse to attend the Parliament, and the due and constant pay of them, Have thought fit, and do hereby Order and Ordain, and it is hereby Ordered and Ordained, That the Sequestrations and Compositions of the Estates Real and Personal of *George* Duke of *Buckingham*, Sir *Edmond Bowyer* Knight, *William Stafford* Esq; *Thomas Harris* Baronet, *John Bill* Esq; and Sir *Humphrey Tracy*, together with all sum and sums of money received out of the said Estates, or any part of them deposited, and by any way or means remains in the hands of any Committee, or other person or persons whatsoever, shall from henceforth be imployed and disposed of, for the support and payment of the said Gaurds of Horse from time to time, until the sum of Five thousand pounds be raised thereout for the payment thereof, as aforesaid.

For the more speedy and effectual raising of which for the service aforesaid, and such other services as both Houses shall think fit, the Guards being first paid, the Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled do Order and Declare, and it is hereby Ordered and Declared, That all and every such person or persons, who shall or will within thirty days after the passing of this Ordinance, by way of Loan or otherwise, advance the sum of Five thousand pounds, or any part thereof, it shall be, and is hereby accounted an acceptable service to the State, and they and every of them shall be, and are hereby secured out of the said Sequestrations and Compositions of the said Estates, for what they shall so lend for the service aforesaid, and of so much more now owing to every such person or persons upon Publique Faith, as they and every of them shall so lend as aforesaid, together with interest at Eight pounds *per centum* for the same, until the whole be satisfied and paid out of the said Estates and Compositions, unto every such person and persons, as aforesaid.

And the Lords and Commons do hereby further Order and Ordain,

Ordain, and it is hereby further Ordered and Ordained, That the Committee of *Haberdashers-hall*, or any three of them, be a Committee to take such Subscriptions, and give allowance of such Tickets as are the Receipts of any person or persons Authorized thereto, for any Money, Goods, Plate, Horse or Arms, or otherwise lent or owing upon the publike Faith of the Kingdom, by any such person or persons aforesaid: And the said Committee, or any three of them, are hereby Authorized and enjoyned to enter, to possess, receive and dispose of the said Sequestrations and Compositions of the Estates Real and Personal, and the profits thereof, and of every part thereof of the said person and persons, and to improve the same to the best advantage to the purposes aforesaid, until the sum of Ten thousand pounds, and every part thereof, together with the interest growing due for the same, be wholly paid and discharged as aforesaid: And lastly, The Lords and Commons do hereby Order and Ordain, and it is further Ordered and Ordained, That all Committees or other persons whatsoever, do take notice hereof, and yield obedience hereunto, Any other Ordinance of Parliament whatsoever to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided, That this Ordinance, nor any thing therein contained, do not extend to the taking away of the Sequestration and Composition of the Real and Personal Estates of the said Duke of *Buckingham*, Sir *Edmond Bowyer*, and *John Bill*, or any of them lying in the counties of *York* and *Surrey*, from the Committtee of those respective counties, to whom they were formerly granted for the raising and maintaining of Forces in the said counties respectively; nor to the Estate of the said *William Stafford* Esq; lying in the county of *Northampton*, or any part thereof, till the sum of Five hundred pounds be thereout paid unto Col: *Edmond Temple*, formerly granted by Ordinance of Parliament unto him, and in part executed by the said Committee of *Haberdashers-hall*, to whom the Houses of Parliament referred the care thereof.

H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

18 October, 1648.

A Declaration and Ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament, For the Sequestring the Estates both Real and Personal of Delinquents, to be imployed for and towards the raising and maintaining of a Troop of Horse for the Service of the Parliament within the County of Surrey.

FOrasmuch as divers ill-affected persons have endeavored to raise a new War in this Kingdom, tending to the ruine of this present Parliament, and the destruction of all the well-affected persons that have adhered thereunto, contrary to the Laws of the Kingdom, and to the Declarations and Orders of Parliament made therein, whereby all such persons as have or shall raise Force against the power and Authority of Parliament, and against the Forces raised by Authority of Parliament, for the defence of Parliament and Kingdom, are and have been from time to time declared Traytors: Be it therefore Ordained and Declared by the said Lords and Commons, That the Estates as well real and personal, of all such person or persons as have been in Arms in the late Rebellion raised by the Earl of *Holland*, and others in the county of *Surrey*, or any other their adherents, and also all and every other person or persons that have sent in unto their aid and assistance, either Money, Men, Horse, Arms or Ammunition, or have indeavored either by providing themselves, or perswading others to send in any ayd or assistance to the said Forces; And by reason of the said Earls departure out of the said County, came short of such their intended ayd and assistance; As also the Estates of all such persons lying & being within the said county of *Surrey*, as did ayd and assist the like late Rebellion in the county of *Kent*, *Essex*, or *Sussex*, or that have taken any Horse, or plundered any person of his Goods, for or towards the maintenance of any Forces against the Parliament, and shall prove to be comprized within the Terms and Directions of such Ordinances of Parliament, as have been formerly made and published concerning Sequestration of Delinquents Estates, shall be forthwith Seized and Sequestred into the hands of the Sequestrators and

Committees of the ſaid county, formerly named for the Sequeſtration of Delinquents Eſtates, who are to purſue all powers and directions in the execution thereof, as in and by the ſaid former Ordinances of Sequeſtration is Declared: And it is hereby Ordained and Declared, That all the profits ariſing our of all or any the ſaid Delinquents Eſtates, lying and being in the ſaid county, ſhall be imployed towards the raiſing and maintaining of a Troop of Horſe for the Service of the Parliament within the ſaid county, for the preſervation of the Peace and Safety of the ſame; And the ſaid Committee, or any ſeven of them, have hereby power and authority given them to ſet Fines, and make Compoſitions with all and every the ſaid Delinquents, (as were not at that time actually Sequeſtred for former Delinquencies) according to the Rules preſcribed and ſet down for *Goldſmiths-Hall*, for ſuch Eſtates onely as lie within the ſaid county, certifying the Committee ſitting for compoſitions at *Goldſmiths-Hall*, the names of the perſons, and the ſums ſo ſet, and to imploy the moneys ſo raiſed for the uſes aforeſaid: And it is further Ordered, That Sir *William Brereton* Baronet, *John Lloyd* Eſq; *Charls* Lord *Car*, *John Thyn*, *Arthur Squib*, *George Duncomb* of *Shalford*, *William Ellyot* Eſq; Sir *Robert Needham* Knight, *Thomas Scot*, *Richard Salway*, and *William Owfield* Eſqs; be added unto the Committee of Sequeſtrations in the ſaid county of *Surrey*; And the Committee formerly made for the raiſing of moneys for the Army under the command of the now Lord *Fairfax*, with the Committee for Sequeſtrations, or any three or more of them, have hereby authority to raiſe upon the county ſuch further ſum or ſums of money by way of Aſſeſſment, for and towards the raiſing and maintaining of the ſaid Troop of Horſe for the ſaid county, ſo as the ſum exceed not Four hundred pounds *per menſem*; which ſaid moneys are to be Levied according to the Rules and Directions appointed by the Ordinance, for the Raiſing and Levying the moneys for the Army under the command of *Thomas* Lord *Fairfax*, with the ſeveral and reſpective powers therein given and granted; and that ſuch moneys already laid towards the Raiſing and paying of the ſaid Troop, are hereby allowed of and to be Levied accordingly: Provided, That hereafter

after neither the foreſaid paſt nor future Aſſeſſments, are to be extended or continued further then the aforementioned proviſion by the profits of Sequeſtrations and Compoſitions, ſhall fall ſhort of thoſe ends for which they are given by this Ordinance; And if it ſhall be thought fit by the ſaid Committee to raiſe a Foot Company for the ſafety of the county, they are authorized hereby to pay the ſaid Company out of the Sequeſtration and Aſſeſſment aforeſaid.

H: Eſſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Sabbathi, 10 Novembr. 1648.

ORdered by the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, That the Earl of *Rutland*, Earl of *Lincoln*, Earl of *Suffold*, Earl of *Mulgrave*, Lord *Hunſdon*, M. *Anneſley*, Col: *Copley*, M. *Swynfen*, M. *Wheeler*, Sir *John Curſon*, Col: *Harvey*, M. *Dodderidge*, M. *Nicol*, Sir *James Harrington*, M. *Erle*, be added to the Committee at *Haberdaſhers-hall*, as to the Ordinance referred to that Committee for raiſing moneys for payment of the Horſe-Guards that attend the Houſes.

ORdered upon the Queſtion by the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, That the party or parties to whom any Tickets ſhall be aſſigned, for raiſing the Five thouſand pounds upon the late Ordinance for payment of Guards appointed to attend the Houſes, ſhall be admitted to double the ſum, in like maner as was obſerved in the ſale of the Biſhops Lands.

ORdered by the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, That thirty days longer be added for the continuance of the Ordinance paſſed for the payment of the Horſe, Guards that attend the Parliament, to commence from the expiration of the time now limited to the ſaid Ordinance.

H: Elſynge, Clw. Parl. D. Com.

Die Martis, 14 *Novemb.* 1648.

WHereas the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament did take into consideration the great necessity of having the Guards of Horse provided for and paid, Did Order and Ordain by an Ordinance bearing date the sixteenth of *October*, 1648. That whosoever should by way of Loan, or otherwise, lend the sum of five thousand pounds, should be secured for so much more now owing upon the publique Faith of the Kingdom, with interest at eight *per centum*, till the whole were satisfied out of the Sequestrations and Compositions of the Estates Real and Personal of *George* Duke of *Buckingham*, Sir *Edmond Bowyer* Knight, *William Stafford* Esq; &c. and Sir *Humphrey Tracy*, &c. It is now further Ordered and Ordained by the Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, That for the better security and encouragement of all those who have, or shall bring in all or any part of the said money, that in case the said Sequestrations and Compositions of the said Estates shall not satisfie the moneys to be raised and secured upon the said Ordinance, that then the Excize in course be, and is hereby charged for the payment of the remainder of the said Ten thousand pounds, with interest for the same, every six moneths to be paid to such person or persons that shall advance the same, and be certified by the Committee of Lords and Commons for advance of moneys, usually sitting at *Haberdashers-hall*, to whom the care of this business is particularly committed, to be so in Arrear, and unpaid of the moneys due upon, or by vertue of the said Ordinance of the sixteenth of *October* last; And the Commissioners of Excize for the time being, are required to pay the same accordingly; And the Acquittance or Acquittances of the party or parties so in Arrear, and certified as aforesaid upon the said Ordinance, shall be a sufficient discharge to the said Commissioners of the Excize, Any Order or Ordinance of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

FINIS.